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Volume III

**Final
Report**

May 1985

**GPACC Program Cost
Work Breakdown
Structure/Dictionary**

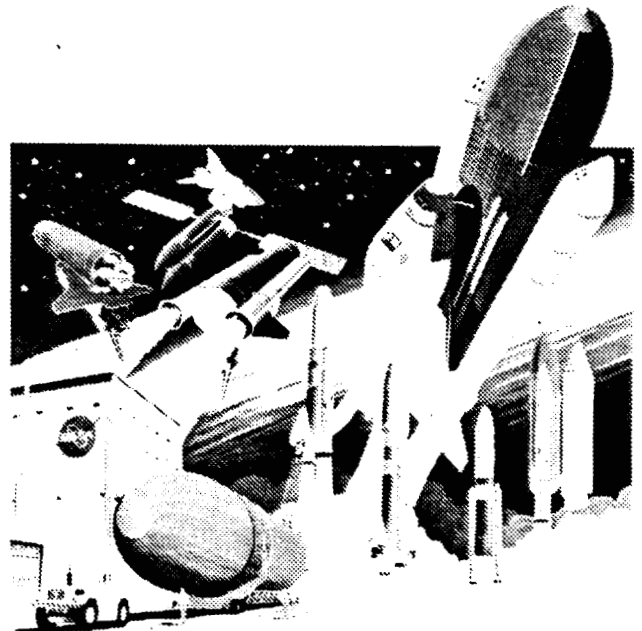
**General Purpose
Aft Cargo
Carrier Study**

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MICHOUD DIVISION

Contract NAS8-35564

VOLUME III

Final
Report

May 1985

GPACC Program Cost
and Work Breakdown
Structure/Dictionary

GENERAL PURPOSE
AFT CARGO CARRIER
STUDY

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FOREWORD

This volume is part of the Final Report of the General Purpose Aft Cargo Carrier study extension performed under National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) Contract NAS8-35564, Modification Number 2. The report was prepared by the Michoud Division of Martin Marietta Denver Aerospace, New Orleans, Louisiana, for the NASA/Marshall Space Flight Center (MSFC).

The Contracting Officer Representative at MSFC was James E. Hughes. The Martin Marietta Study Manager was Thomas B. Mobley.

The Final Report is prepared in three volumes:

Volume I - Technical

Volume II - DACC Program Cost and Work Breakdown
Structure/Dictionary

Volume III - GPACC Program Cost and Work Breakdown
Structure/Dictionary

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This document presents the results of detailed cost estimates and economic analysis performed on the updated Model 101 configuration of the general purpose Aft Cargo Carrier (ACC).

1.1 Purpose

The objective of this economic analysis is to provide the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) with information on the economics of using the ACC on the Space Transportation System (STS). The detailed cost estimates for the ACC are presented by a work breakdown structure (WBS) to ensure that all elements of cost are considered in the economic analysis and related subsystem trades. Costs reported by WBS provide NASA with a basis for comparing competing designs and provide detailed cost information that can be used to forecast phase C/D planning for new projects or programs derived from preliminary conceptual design studies.

1.2 Scope

The scope of this document covers all STS and STS/ACC launch vehicle cost impacts for delivering payloads to a 160 NM low Earth orbit (LEO). All payload cost impacts and upper stage transfer vehicle costs were excluded as a part of this study.

2.0 COSTING APPROACH AND RATIONALE

This section describes the methodology that was necessary to proceed with the economic analysis for the ACC 101 configuration update.

2.1 Methodology

The key approach to the ACC economic analysis was to develop a WBS that contained all program cost elements to allow consistency in reporting results. The WBS and WBS dictionary were developed early during the Shuttle Derived Vehicle (SDV) Technology Requirements Study Phase I contract with NASA approval to ensure that all program hardware/software design, integration, management, test, operations and facility cost impacts would be estimated and reported on all trade study and economic analysis.

The Martin Marietta LCC methodology is based on independent parametric cost estimates that are developed from the Martin Marietta cost analysis data books. The cost analysis data books contain cost estimating relationships (CERs) for generic hardware/software development and unit cost and are based on historical program cost data. Specific company programs contained in the cost data base were referenced for the cost estimates. For example, an External Tank (ET) CER was used to estimate the ACC Thermal Protection System (TPS) cost.

Additional parametric cost data were obtained to validate the cost estimates. Vendor quotes were obtained for items such as the attitude control system (ACS), deorbit engines and avionics. A detailed analysis was performed by the ET production operations department to determine the tooling impacts for manufacturing the ACC. Operations cost per flight estimates are based on the latest STS cost per flight data provided by Marshall Space Flight Center (MSFC) and are based on the NASA comptroller's estimate as of February 23, 1982. All cost per flight estimates are calculated using a fixed and variable cost methodology developed in conjunction with the MSFC Engineering Cost Group.

The cost analysis was prepared using an automated LCC computer model developed by Martin Marietta Corporation with corporate funding. The model calculates all phases of costs by relying on the Martin Marietta cost data base as previously discussed. The model output is designed to report configuration results in a WBS fashion developed from the data requirement (DR-4).

2.2 WBS/WBS Dictionary

The WBS developed during the SDV Technology Requirements Study was utilized for the ACC cost analysis to provide a consistent framework for identifying and reporting all costs associated with the economic life cycle of the ACC. Principle requirements of the WBS were flexibility for a variety of hardware configurations, conformity with the LCC estimating methodology, and the ability to simplistically report the costs of programmatic impacts.

The ACC WBS is illustrated in Figure 2.2-1. The WBS is arranged in a two-dimensional matrix: the columns represent the cost phases identified by function/subfunction and the rows represent the hardware elements and systems. Definitions of the hardware elements and cost phases are provided in the ACC WBS dictionary (Appendix A). The WBS dictionary was developed for a clear understanding of the hardware and function cost shown in the WBS.

The matrix structure of the WBS permits identification and isolation of any hardware element in each LCC phase: design, development, test and evaluation (DDT&E), production and operations. A numbering scheme was established to identify any cost phase relative to any hardware element. The hardware element titles and hardware system titles are defined in a generic fashion to allow flexibility and thereby reduce the size and complexity of the WBS and WBS dictionary.

3.0 ACC COST ANALYSIS SUMMARY

The objective of the ACC economic analysis is to provide NASA with an understanding of the economic benefits offered by the development, production and operation of the ACC as an augmentation to the STS.

3.1 Program Cost Analysis - General Purpose ACC

The general purpose ACC is a structural enclosure fabricated from aluminum that attaches to the aft end of the ET to provide additional cargo volume for the STS. The three-piece structure consists of the skirt, payload support structure (PSS) and shroud. Nonrecurring development costs and recurring unit production and operations costs of the general purpose ACC are discussed in this Section.

The total cost of the ACC program including all ACC related impacts is \$668M. This includes all nonrecurring cost impacts to design the ACC and incorporate it into the STS as well as recurring costs for launch and flight operations and production of the ACC.

The nonrecurring phase of the ACC program includes: the DDT&E of the general purpose ACC; design impact to the orbiter; design impact to the ET; and facilities and GSE impacts. The estimated range of ACC program DDT&E costs is from \$160M to \$200M. The cost distribution of the current estimate of \$184M (among the ACC, orbiter, ET and facilities/GSE) is shown in Table 3.1-1. The \$122M cost estimate for the ACC project DDT&E includes design and development, systems engineering, tooling, manufacture of two test articles, system test operations, and program management. Costs of Level II and Level III systems engineering, system test, and program management are included in the respective ACC DDT&E cost element. The estimated \$13M cost impact to the orbiter includes the DDT&E and production impacts for modifying orbiter display panels, cabling, and flight software to accommodate the ACC. Similarly, the estimated \$7M cost impact to the ET accounts for design modifications to the LH₂ aft dome, TPS, range safety system (RSS) and ET cabling to accommodate the ACC interfaces. The \$42M estimate for facilities and GSE includes modifications at the launch site and the ET/ACC production facility.

TABLE 3.1-1 GENERAL PURPOSE ACC PROGRAM COST ESTIMATES

<u>Nonrecurring Program Total</u>		(\$160M-\$200M)
Aft Cargo Carrier		\$122M
Design & Development Engineering		\$24M
Systems Engineering & Integration		22M
Tooling		36M
Test Hardware		13M
System Test		14M
Program Management		13M
Orbiter Impact		13M
ET Modification		7M
	Subtotal	142M
Facilities/GSE		<u>42M</u>
Total ACC Nonrecurring		\$184M
<u>Recurring Production</u>	<u>First Unit</u>	<u>Average of 87 Units</u>
Shroud	\$ 1.5M	0.6M
Skirt & Payload Support Structure	1.2M	0.6M
Deorbit System	1.2M	0.7M
Attitude Control System	0.3M	0.2M
Avionics/Electrical	1.2M	0.7M
A&CO	1.0M	0.6M
SE&I, Program Management	<u>1.9M</u>	<u>1.0M</u>
Total ACC Recurring	\$ 8.3M	\$4.4M
Range	(\$6M-10M)	(\$3M-5M)
ET Modification		\$0.1M
<u>Operations</u>	<u>Cost per Flight Increase</u>	
Flight Operations		\$0.9M
Launch Operations		<u>0.1M</u>
Total Operations Cost/Flight Increase:		\$1.0M

The estimated range of the recurring production costs of the general purpose ACC is from \$6M to \$10M for the first unit, and from \$3M to \$5M for the average of 87 units. The current estimate of the first unit cost is \$8.3M; the average unit cost is \$4.4M (Table 3.1-1). The cost estimate for the shroud is inclusive of shroud structures, TPS, and the acoustic barrier. The skirt and PSS cost estimate also includes the cost of structures, TPS, and acoustic barriers of both components. All avionics, including of those required by the ACS and deorbit system, are reported in the avionics/electrical totals. The cost estimates for sustaining engineering and tooling, program management, and final assembly and checkout have also been allocated on a unit basis. ET modification costs are \$0.1M per ACC flight for scar impacts.

Operational impacts of the general purpose ACC on the STS consist of increases in launch and flight operations due to the additional ground processing requirements and on orbit time respectively. The total cost per flight increase of \$1.0M is distributed between the increase to flight operations of \$0.9M and the increase to launch operations of \$0.1M (Table 3.1-1).

3.2 Benefits Analysis - Constant 1984 Dollars

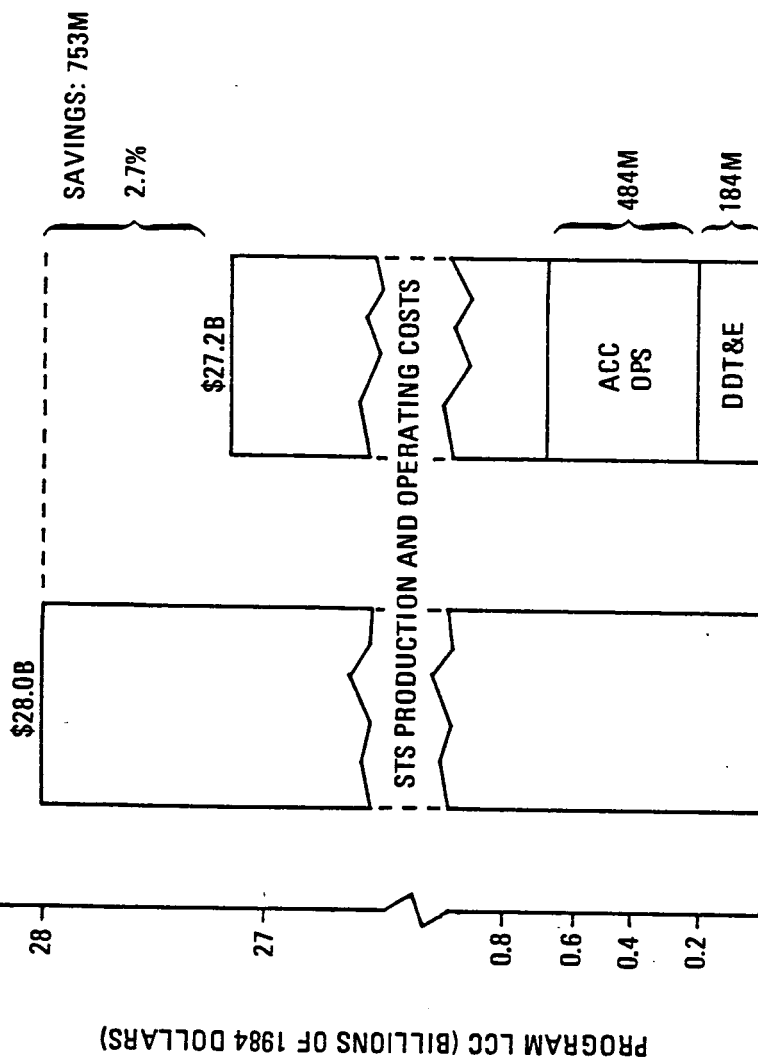
An economic benefits analysis was conducted to determine the LCC savings offered by the STS enhanced with the general purpose ACC in comparison to the baseline STS. The economic benefits were determined from differences in the flight manifest of the STS and the STS with general purpose ACC. Mission manifests were based on the MSFC PS-01, Rev-7 nominal mission model and excluded projected Department of Defense (DOD) payloads. The STS required 334 flights from FY 1989 through FY 2000. When the ACC became available in FY 1989, the flight total was reduced by 31 flights to 303. Of these 303 flights, a total of 87 were STS/ACC flights and 216 were STS flights. All 87 ACC opportunities were from Eastern Test Range (ETR) because of the lack of flight opportunities at the Western Test Range (WTR).

The LCC analysis of the current STS and STS with ACC considered the DDT&E cost of the general purpose ACC, production costs of the ACC, costs of upgrading the orbiter fleet to be compatible with the ACC and the operations costs of the two configurations. Additionally, any remaining service life of the orbiter fleet was considered in terms of salvage value.

The economic benefits analysis (Figure 3.2-1) indicates that an overall reduction of \$753M was realized with the addition of the general purpose ACC. The savings in operations costs as a result of reducing flight totals by 31 flights more than offset the ACC DDT&E cost estimate of \$184M and the ACC operations cost estimate of \$484M (sum of hardware production costs and increases to launch and flight operations costs). When viewed as a cost per flight element, the ACC increases the STS cost per flight by \$5.6M based on 87 ACC flight opportunities. The \$753M reduction in STS LCC expenditures represents a leverage of approximately 4 on the ACC investment. This will improve significantly when DOD and mixed missions are considered.

MSFC PS-01, REV-7 NOMINAL MISSION MODEL: NONDOD PAYLOADS
(DOES NOT CONSIDER DOD OR MIXED PAYLOADS)

OPERATIONAL TIME FRAME: 1989-2000



STS/ACC

STS

MISSION MODEL *
STS/ACC

334/0

216/87

*BASED ON ACC IOC DATE OF 1989

FIGURE 3.2-1 STS/ACC ECONOMIC BENEFITS - CONSTANT DOLLARS

204.3.83
123.1.85
242.4.85

3.3 Benefits Analysis - Discounted 1984 Dollars

The economic benefits analysis described in Section 3.2 is expressed in terms of discounted dollars to determine the present worth of the STS and STS/ACC (general purpose) program cost expenditure streams. Discounting was conducted with respect to 1984 given the anticipated annual funding requirements of the respective configurations and the forecasted program schedules. The annual discount rate was set at 10% and represents a real annual interest rate.

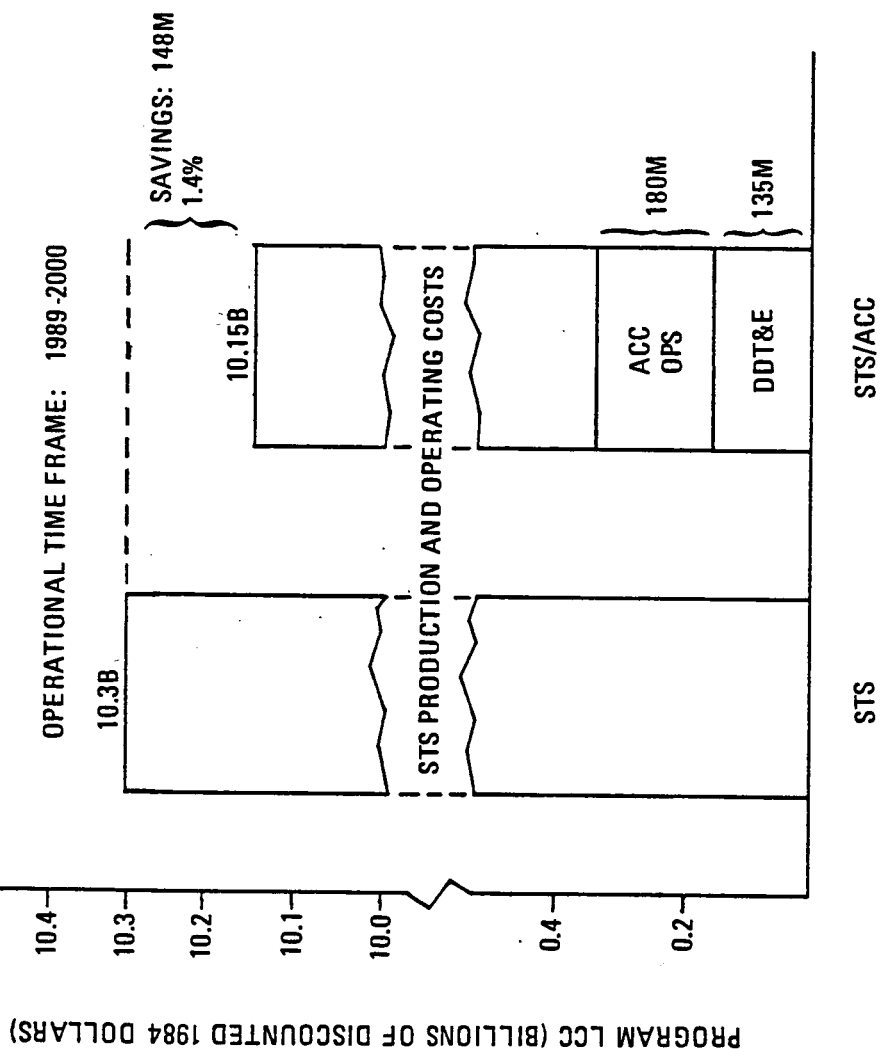
The economic benefits expressed in discounted 1984 dollars (Figure 3.3-1) indicate that the STS with general purpose ACC saves \$149M with respect to the current STS. The \$148M savings represents a 1.4% reduction in STS discounted expenditures over the 1989-2000 timeframe.

3.4 Conclusions and Observations

The cost analysis results indicate that the general purpose ACC is an economical extension of the STS program. With respect to the current STS, the STS with ACC may reduce NASA STS expenditures by \$753M in constant 1984 dollars and \$148M in discounted 1984 dollars.

The ACC also provides NASA with the option of reducing user charges and improving its competitive posture. Because the ACC will improve STS load factors and result in a higher utilization of STS capabilities, orbiter life will be extended. Since the ACC has been designed to be compatible with existing STS facilities and procedures, the cost impact to STS launch and flight operations will be minimal.

MSFC PS-01, REV-7 NOMINAL MISSION MODEL: NON-DOD PAYLOADS
(DOES NOT CONSIDER DOD OR MIXED PAYLOADS)



MISSION MODEL *
STS/ACC

334/0

216/87

• BASED ON ACC IOC DATE OF 1989

FIGURE 3.3-1 STS/ACC ECONOMIC BENEFITS - DISCOUNTED DOLLARS

4.0 ACC COST ANALYSIS

The cost estimates that were summarized in Section 3.0 are reported to the ACC WBS in this section.

4.1 Ground Rules and Assumptions

The following ground rules and assumptions were used to proceed with the ACC cost analysis:

- A) All costs are expressed in 1984 dollars and are exclusive of fees;
- B) The ACC test hardware included in the DDT&E costs consist of one ground test article complete with all hardware systems and one flight test article;
- C) The ACC flight test is conducted in conjunction with a scheduled STS flight, i.e. dedicated use of STS hardware and procedures is not required;
- D) Operations cost per flight estimates are based on the latest MSFC provided data (NASA comptroller's estimates as of February 23, 1982) and are calculated using a fixed and variable cost methodology developed in conjunction with MSFC Engineering Cost Group. Cost per flight estimates for the STS/ACC mixed fleet are based on the NASA 312 mission model. For each of the NASA CPF elements a least squares curve fit analysis was performed to determine: a fixed annual cost, a variable CPF and a learning curve slope. The resulting regression parameters were used to estimate the fixed annual and total variable costs for each ACC CPF element.
- E) Operations cost per flight impacts for flight operations and launch operations as a result of introducing the general purpose ACC in the STS system are as follows:

Flight Operations: + \$.9M/Flight

Launch Operations: + \$.1M/Flight

The flight operations impact accounts for additional on orbit crew operations and additional crew training. The launch operations impact consists of additional manpower and expendables required to process the ACC at KSC.

- F) Facility and GSE impacts assume the existence of Centaur propellant loading at KSC;
- G) The economic analysis of the STS and STS with general purpose ACC is based on the flight manifests from the MSFC PS-01, Rev-7 nominal mission model for non-DOD payloads and was conducted with respect to the 1989 through 2000 operational time frame for a total of 87 ACC flights;
- H) The general purpose ACC has an IOC of FY 1989;
- I) ACC and ET production improvement is calculated using an 86% Wright learning curve for structural components, 95% Wright learning curve for propulsion, power and avionics components;
- J) Hardware salvage value is defined as the remaining hardware service life multiplied by the average unit cost. Salvage value is subtracted from the last year of operations;
- K) Orbiter service life is as follows:
- | | |
|-------------|----------------------------------|
| Structures: | 100 flights |
| Propulsion: | 100 flights |
| Power : | 100 flights |
| Avionics : | 100 flights |
| Engines : | Included in SSME cost per flight |
- L) STS/ACC economic discount (present worth) analysis is based on the projected STS/ACC hardware development schedules assuming a 10% discount rate.
- M) A fleet of four orbiters is currently in the NASA budget.
- N) Turnaround times for reusable hardware are based on Shuttle Turnaround Analysis Report (STAR) 026. Shuttle turnaround time is 948 clock hours (ETR) and 1104 clock hours (WTR).

4.2 Cost Estimates by WBS Elements

The life cycle cost estimate for the general purpose ACC configuration is reported to the WBS defined in Section 2.2 to permit visibility of the cost of each hardware element by cost phase and function.

The STS, and STS with general purpose ACC, were evaluated with respect to the MSFC PS-01, Rev-7 nominal; mission model (excluding DOD payloads) to determine the economic benefits of the ACC. The LCC estimates for the STS are presented in Section 4.2.1. The cost estimates for the general purpose ACC are included in Section 4.2.2.

4.2.1 STS

Mission manifesting was performed with respect to the NASA nominal mission model for non-DOD payloads for the FY 1989 through FY 2000 operational time frame. During this period, a total of 334 STS flights were projected. The resultant LCC estimate was \$28B to operate 334 flights (Table 4.2.1-1).

DDT&E: No enhancements to the STS were considered. Additional DDT&E funding was not required.

Production: The orbiter fleet size was based on operational flight rate requirements and anticipated service life replacements. Operational hardware was determined from the maximum annual flight rate at each launch site and the respective orbiter turnaround time (based on STAR-26 assessments). To support a maximum of 38 annual launches from ETR, a total of four orbiters was required. Due to the orbiter fleet size, service life replacements were not anticipated during the operational period (Table 4.2.1-2).

Operations: The operations cost of 334 flights was calculated using a fixed and variable cost methodology which models the cost of each STS element based on a fixed annual cost and a variable cost incurred per flight. The operations cost was based on projections provided by MSFC (NASA comptroller's estimate) for the 312 mission model. The estimated total operations cost for the 334 flights was \$28.1B. Cost per flight estimates for each STS cost element and the total operations are provided (Table 4.2.1-3).

DATE : MON, APR 22 1983
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

STS / ACC CONFIGURATION LCC SUMMARY: AFT CARGO CARRIER

334.0 MANIFESTED FLIGHTS

334.0 STS FLIGHTS

0.0 ACC FLIGHTS

	RESEARCH & TECH COSTS		DDT & E COSTS		PRODUCTION COSTS		OPERATIONS COSTS		SALVAGE VALUE	TOTAL COSTS	
	STS	ACC	STS	ACC	STS	ACC	STS	ACC		STS	ACC
STS	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,125.7	-	175.3	27,950.4	-
* ACC	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
* TOTALS	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,125.7	-	175.3	27,950.4	-

* STS / ACC CONFIGURATION LCC: 27,950.4

• INCLUDES HARDWARE ELEMENTS AND FACILITIES

TABLE 4.2.1-1 STS LCC SUMMARY - ACC ANALYSIS

STS / ACC REUSABLE HARDWARE PRODUCTION COSTS: AFT CARGO CARRIER

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

REUSABLE HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

REUSABLE HARDWARE ELEMENTS	TURN AROUND TIME (CLOCK HRS.) *	MAXIMUM LAUNCH RATE E T R	ANNUAL W T R	HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS OPERATIONS SERV LIFE** TOTALS	BL-DDT&E HARDWARE QUANTITY	PRODUCTION QUANTITY
ORBITER	948.0	1,104.0	38.0	-	4.0	4.0
LRB	-	-	-	-	-	-
P/A MODULE	-	-	-	-	-	-

REUSABLE HARDWARE COSTS

REUSABLE HARDWARE ELEMENTS	PRODUCTION QUANTITY	FIRST UNIT COST ***	IMPROVEMENT CURVE FACTOR	REUSABLE HARDWARE COST
ORBITER	-	1,239.5	1.0	-
LRB	-	-	-	-
P/A MODULE	-	-	-	-

STS REUSABLE HARDWARE PRODUCTION COST: 0.0
ACC REUSABLE HARDWARE PRODUCTION COST: 0.0
STS/ACC CONFIGURATION REUSABLE HARDWARE COST: 0.0

* BASED ON DOCUMENT STAR-23 ASSESSMENT
** INCLUDES ATTRITION HARDWARE AS APPLICABLE
*** PRODUCTION COSTS (REUSABLE HARDWARE, PROGRAM MANAGEMENT, SYSTEMS INTEGRATION, SUSTAINING ENGINEERING, SUSTAINING TOOLING) ALLOCATED ON A PER UNIT BASIS

TABLE 4.2.1-2 STS REUSABLE HARDWARE SUMMARY - ACC ANALYSIS

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

STB / ACC OPERATIONS COSTS : AFT CARGO CARRIER

334.0 MANIFESTED FLIGHTS

OPERATIONS COST ELEMENTS	STB COST PER FLIGHT		ACC COST PER FLIGHT	
	ETR COST PER FLIGHT	WTR COST PER FLIGHT	ETR COST PER FLIGHT	WTR COST PER FLIGHT
ORBITER HARDWARE SUPPORT	7.2	-	-	-
CREW EQUIPMENT	1.0	-	-	-
ORBITER SSME	1.6	-	-	-
SRB	19.9	-	-	-
ET	17.4	-	-	-
CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION	0.7	-	-	-
PROPELLANTS: ET, OMS & RCS	1.4	-	-	-
OSSE SPARES	0.8	-	-	-
LAUNCH OPERATIONS	11.6	-	-	-
FLIGHT OPERATIONS	12.1	-	-	-
RESOURCE & PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	10.0	-	-	-
NETWORK SUPPORT	0.4	-	-	-
ET MODIFICATION	-	-	-	-
ACC SHROUD	-	-	-	-
ACC BKIRT & P/L SUPPORT STRUCTURE	-	-	-	-
	334.0 FLIGHTS		0.0 FLIGHTS	

COST PER FLIGHT TOTALS 84.2 0.0 0.0 0.0

OPERATIONS COST TOTALS 28.125.7 0.0

STB / ACC CONFIGURATION TOTAL OPERATIONS COST: 28.125.7

TABLE 4.2.1-3 STS OPERATIONS COST SUMMARY - ACC ANALYSIS

Salvage Value: Salvage value accounts for orbiter life procured but not expended during the operational time frame, including the STS operational flights occurring prior to 1989. The salvage value of the four orbiter fleet was \$0.2B (Table 4.2.1-1).

4.2.2 General Purpose ACC

The general purpose ACC augmented the STS in 1989 and subsequently reduced the STS flight total by 31 flights from 334 to 303. The 303 flights are distributed between the STS, and STS with ACC, such that the STS captured 216 flights and the STS with ACC captured 87 flights. The LCC estimate for operation of 216 STS flights was \$18.8B. The LCC estimate for DDT&E of the ACC program, orbiter modifications and operations of 87 STS with ACC flights was \$8.4B. These elements yield an estimated program LCC total for the STS/ACC configuration of \$27.2B (Table 4.2.2-1).

Costs of the STS/ACC hardware elements (i.e., orbiter, ET, SRB, ACC) are reported to the ACC WBS by cost phase (Table 4.2.2-2). Lower level WBS reports were summarized to generate Table 4.2.2-2, and are provided for closer review in Appendix B.

DDT&E: The general purpose ACC program DDT&E phase consisted of the ACC project, design modifications to the orbiter and ET, plus facility and GSE impacts. The estimated cost range for the DDT&E phase of the ACC program is \$160-200M. The current estimate is \$184M (Table 4.2.2-3).

The DDT&E of the ACC includes design and development of all ACC subsystems, tooling, the manufacture of a complete ground test article and flight test article, system test operations, systems engineering and integration, and program management. Design and development costs are driven by the structural subsystem. The shroud, skirt, and PSS structures design accounts for approximately 75% of the subsystem design and development effort (\$18.1M). The remainder of the subsystem design engineering is largely devoted to the ACS/deorbit system (\$1.7M) and "off-the-shelf" avionics (\$0.8M). Tooling costs of \$36M are based on historical cost data for similar tool design and fabrication for ET production tooling. Ground and flight test articles (one each) amount to \$13M and are assumed similar to first production units in cost. Costs of system test operations, systems engineering and integration, and program

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

STS / ACC CONFIGURATION LCC SUMMARY: AFT CARGO CARRIER

303.0 MANIFESTED FLIGHTS

216.0 STS FLIGHTS

87.0 ACC FLIGHTS

STS	RESEARCH & TECH COSTS	DDT & E COSTS	PRODUCTION COSTS	OPERATIONS COSTS	SALVAGE VALUE	TOTAL COSTS
STS	-	-	-	19,288.9	537.0	18,751.9
ACC	-	180.2	3.9	8,261.6	-	8,445.7
TOTALS	-	180.2	3.9	27,550.5	537.0	27,197.6

* STS / ACC CONFIGURATION LCC: 27,197.6

* INCLUDES HARDWARE ELEMENTS AND FACILITIES

TABLE 4.2.2-1 STS/ACC LCC SUMMARY

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

SHUTTLE DERIVED VEHICLE COST SUMMARY: AFT CARGO CARRIER

87.0 MANIFESTED ACC FLIGHTS

HARDWARE ELEMENTS	RESEARCH & TECHNOLOGY COSTS	DDT & E COSTS	PRODUCTION COSTS	OPERATIONS COSTS	TOTAL COSTS
VEHICLE INTEG. SYS	-	25.8	0.2	3,470.9	3,496.9
ORBITER	-	9.5	3.7	955.9	969.1
ET	-	6.4	-	1,660.3	1,666.7
SRB	-	-	-	1,788.1	1,788.1
ACC	-	95.9	-	386.4	482.3
OSE	-	6.5	-	-	6.5
STS/ACC VEHICLE	-	144.1	3.9	8,261.6	8,409.7
FACILITIES	-	36.1	-	-	36.1
*ACC TOTAL	-	180.2	3.9	8,261.6	8,445.7
* SHUTTLE DERIVED VEHICLE LCC:					8,445.7

* INCLUDES HARDWARE ELEMENTS AND FACILITIES

TABLE 4.2.2-2 STS/ACC WBS COST SUMMARY

management were estimated for both Level II and Level III activities and are \$14M, \$22M, and \$13M, respectively. The ACC project DDT&E cost estimate is \$122M (Table 4.2.2-3).

TABLE 4.2.2-3 GENERAL PURPOSE ACC PROGRAM DDT&E COST SUMMARY

<u>ACC DDT&E</u>	<u>ACC</u>	<u>Systems Integration</u>
Design & Development:	\$24M	
Shroud Structures	\$ 5.0M	
Shroud TPS	0.1M	
Shroud Acoustic Barrier	0.1M	
Skirt & PSS Structures	13.1M	
Skirt & PSS TPS	0.1M	
Skirt & PSS Acoustic Barrier	0.1M	
Propulsion	1.7M	
Avionics	0.8M	
Electrical Power	0.2M	
Integrated System	2.3M	
Tooling	36M	
Ground & Flight Test Hardware	13M	
System Test Operations	7M	\$ 7M
Systems Engineering & Integration	10M	12M
Program Management	6M	7M
Subtotals	\$ 96M	\$26M
Total Project ACC DDT&E		\$122M
Orbiter Modification		13M
ET Modification		7M
Facilities/GSE		42M
TOTAL ACC PROGRAM DDT&E		\$184M
Range		(\$160-200M)

Cost estimates for modifying the orbiter and ET to accommodate the ACC were \$13M and \$7M, respectively. The modification to the orbiter consisted of design changes to display panels, cabling subsystems and flight software. The modification to the ET consisted primarily of design changes to the LH2 aft dome structures, tumble valve, RSS and ET cabling interface. All WBS functional costs were included in the respective DDT&E cost estimates.

Facilities/GSE: Nonrecurring facility and GSE impacts (Table 4.2.2-4) for KSC and MAF were identified by personnel at these locations. Facility costs at KSC and MAF are based on "bottoms up" estimates performed by the MAF facilities department. Costs for the GSE items were developed using appropriate GERS from our historical data base.

TABLE 4.2.2-4 FACILITIES/GSE REQUIREMENTS

<u>KSC Impact</u>	\$27M
GSE	
ACC Towable Transporter	
PSS Handling Device Adapters	
Protective Covers	
ET Barge Modification	
Mating Fixture	
Rail Mounted Trolley	
Rail Mounted Trolley Sling	
PSS Handling Device Adapter Sling	
Portable Air Conditioning Unit	
ACC Handling Device Assembly	
ACC Access Kits	
Access Door Ramps/Platforms - Pad Only	
Access Door Ramps/Platforms - VAB Only	
Payload Integration Stand	
Payload Insertion Device	
ACC Integration Test Equipment	
ACC Inspection/Checkout Equipment	
Deorbit Motor Assembly Fixture	
Facilities	
Vehicle Assembly Building	
Mobile Launch Platforms (1, 2 & 3)	
Launch Pads (A & B)	
Vertical Processing Facility	
<u>MAF Impact</u>	\$15M
GSE (included in tooling estimates)	
Facilities - Manufacturing Floor Space Mods/Relocations	
Facilities and GSE Total:	\$42M

Production: Production costs for the STS with general purpose ACC configuration were limited to orbiter fleet size procurements and the upgrading of the orbiter fleet to be compatible with ACC interfaces. (The production of ACCs was considered an operations cost per flight item and subsequently reported under operations on the WBS). Orbiter fleet size was determined from maximum annual flight rates at each launch site and the corresponding turnaround time (from STAR-26 assessments). A total of four orbiters was required to support a maximum annual flight rate of 35

flights from ETR. Since four orbiters were considered to be the STS baseline, no additional orbiters were considered necessary to meet ETR flight rates. Also, because the fleet of four orbiters was capable of supporting the 303 STS/ACC flights plus the STS flights occurring prior to 1989, no service life replacements were required.

Cost estimates for orbiter upgrades were estimated based on the design modifications outlined in the DDT&E paragraphs. The upgrades were considered for all four orbiters and were reported to the ACC WBS because the modifications were a direct result of the ACC program. Orbiter modification cost estimates were based on ROM cost impacts provided by the Johnson Space Center (JSC) Engineering Cost Group for Orbiter 099 upgrades. The cost of upgrading the four orbiter fleet was estimated to be \$3.9M (Tables 4.2.2-1 and -2, and Appendix B).

Although ACC recurring costs were estimated as a cost per flight item, the estimated range for first unit cost is from \$6M to \$10M; the estimated range for the average of 87 units is from \$3M to \$5M. Current estimates are \$8.3M and \$4.4M for first unit and average unit cost respectively (Table 4.2.2-6). The propulsion system (\$0.9M) contributes approximately 30% to the average recurring unit cost of the subsystem hardware. This is largely due to the four REMs for attitude control and four Star 26B motors to deorbit the ACC. The avionics subsystem cost (\$1.1M) is due to the need for redundancy to assure reliable operation of the deorbit system. The structure, thermal protection system and acoustic barrier account for \$0.9M, \$0.3M and \$0.1M of the average unit cost, respectively. Assembly and checkout of each unit is \$0.6M. Systems engineering and program management costs are estimated to be \$2.1M.

STS / ACC REUSABLE HARDWARE PRODUCTION COSTS: AFT CARGO CARRIER

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

REUSABLE HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

REUSABLE HARDWARE ELEMENTS	TURNAROUND TIME (CLOCK HRS.) * ETR	MAXIMUM LAUNCH RATE ETR	ANNUAL WTR	OPERATIONS SERV LIFE**	HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS TOTALS	BL-DDT&E HARDWARE QUANTITY	PRODUCTION QUANTITY
ORBITER	948.0	1,104.0	35.0	-	4.0	4.0	-
LRB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P/A MODULE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

REUSABLE HARDWARE COSTS

REUSABLE HARDWARE ELEMENTS	PRODUCTION QUANTITY	FIRST UNIT COST ***	IMPROVEMENT CURVE FACTOR	REUSABLE HARDWARE COST
ORBITER	-	1,239.5	1.0	-
LRB	-	-	-	-
P/A MODULE	-	-	-	-

STS REUSABLE HARDWARE PRODUCTION COST: 0.0
ACC REUSABLE HARDWARE PRODUCTION COST: 3.9
STS/ACC CONFIGURATION REUSABLE HARDWARE COST: 3.9

* BASED ON DOCUMENT STAR-23 ASSESSMENT
** INCLUDES ATTRITION HARDWARE AS APPLICABLE
*** PRODUCTION COSTS (REUSABLE HARDWARE, PROGRAM MANAGEMENT, SYSTEMS INTEGRATION, SUSTAINING ENGINEERING, SUSTAINING TOOLING) ALLOCATED ON A PER UNIT BASIS

TABLE 4.2.2-5 STS/ACC REUSABLE HARDWARE SUMMARY

TABLE 4.2.2-6 GENERAL PURPOSE ACC UNIT COST SUMMARY

	<u>First Unit Cost</u>	<u>Average Unit Cost (87)</u>
Flight Hardware:	\$5.4	\$2.8M
Shroud Structures	\$1.0M	\$0.4M
Shroud TPS	0.5M	0.2M
Shroud Acoustic Barrier	0.1M	0.0M
Skirt & PSS Structures	0.9M	0.5M
Skirt & PSS TPS	0.1M	0.1M
Skirt & PSS Acoustic Barrier	0.1M	0.0M
Deorbit System	1.2M	0.7M
Attitude Control System	0.3M	0.2M
Avionics	0.9M	0.5M
Electrical Power	0.3M	0.2M
Assembly & Checkout	1.0M	0.6M
SE&I, Program Management	1.9M	1.0M
Totals	\$ 8.3M	\$4.4M
Range	(\$6M - \$10M)	(\$3M - \$5M)

Operations: Costs of STS/ACC (general purpose) operations were determined from the total flight requirements of the STS, and STS with ACC, and the corresponding costs per flight. The costs per flight were calculated using a fixed and variable cost methodology which distributes a fixed annual cost over all flights occurring in a given year and adds a variable cost per flight. This fixed and variable cost methodology was applied to all STS and ACC cost per flight elements. The resultant operations cost estimate for 216 STS flights was \$19.3B. The operations cost estimate for 87 STS with ACC flights was \$8.3B. The total operations cost estimate for the STS/ACC configurations was \$27.6B (Table 4.2.2-7).

When considered as a cost per flight element, the general purpose ACC increased the cost per flight by \$5.6M based on 87 ACC opportunities. This increase was the sum of: ACC recurring hardware cost (\$4.4M), ET modification recurring hardware cost (\$0.1M), increased cost for launch operations manpower (\$0.1M), and increased cost for flight operations manpower (\$0.9M). A detailed cost per flight summary is provided (Table 4.2.2-7).

Salvage Value: Salvage value measured the orbiter life remaining after the completion of 303 STS/ACC flights and the STS operational flights occurring prior to 1989. The salvage value estimate for the STS/ACC configuration is \$0.5B (Table 4.2.2-1).

DATE : MON, APR 22 1983
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

STS / ACC OPERATIONS COSTS : AFT CARGO CARRIER

303.0 MANIFESTED FLIGHTS

ACC COST PER FLIGHT

87.0 FLIGHTS

OPERATIONS COST ELEMENTS	STS COST PER FLIGHT		ACC COST PER FLIGHT	
	ET R COST PER FLIGHT	W T R COST PER FLIGHT	ET R COST PER FLIGHT	W T R COST PER FLIGHT
ORBITER HARDWARE SUPPORT	7.7	-	7.7	-
CREW EQUIPMENT	1.1	-	1.1	-
ORBITER SBME	1.7	-	1.7	-
SRB	20.6	-	20.6	-
ET	18.1	-	18.1	-
CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION	0.8	-	0.8	-
PROPELLANTS: ET, OMS & RCS	1.4	-	1.4	-
OSSE SPARES	0.9	-	0.9	-
LAUNCH OPERATIONS	12.7	-	12.8	-
FLIGHT OPERATIONS	13.0	-	14.0	-
RESOURCE & PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	11.0	-	11.0	-
NETWORK SUPPORT	0.4	-	0.4	-
ET MODIFICATION	-	-	0.1	-
ACC SHROUD	-	-	0.7	-
ACC SKIRT & P/L SUPORT STRUCTURE	-	-	3.7	-

COST PER FLIGHT TOTALS

89.3 0.0 93.0 0.0

OPERATIONS COST TOTALS

19,288.9 8,261.6

STS / ACC CONFIGURATION TOTAL OPERATIONS COST : 27,550.5

TABLE 4.2.2-7 STS/ACC OPERATIONS COST SUMMARY

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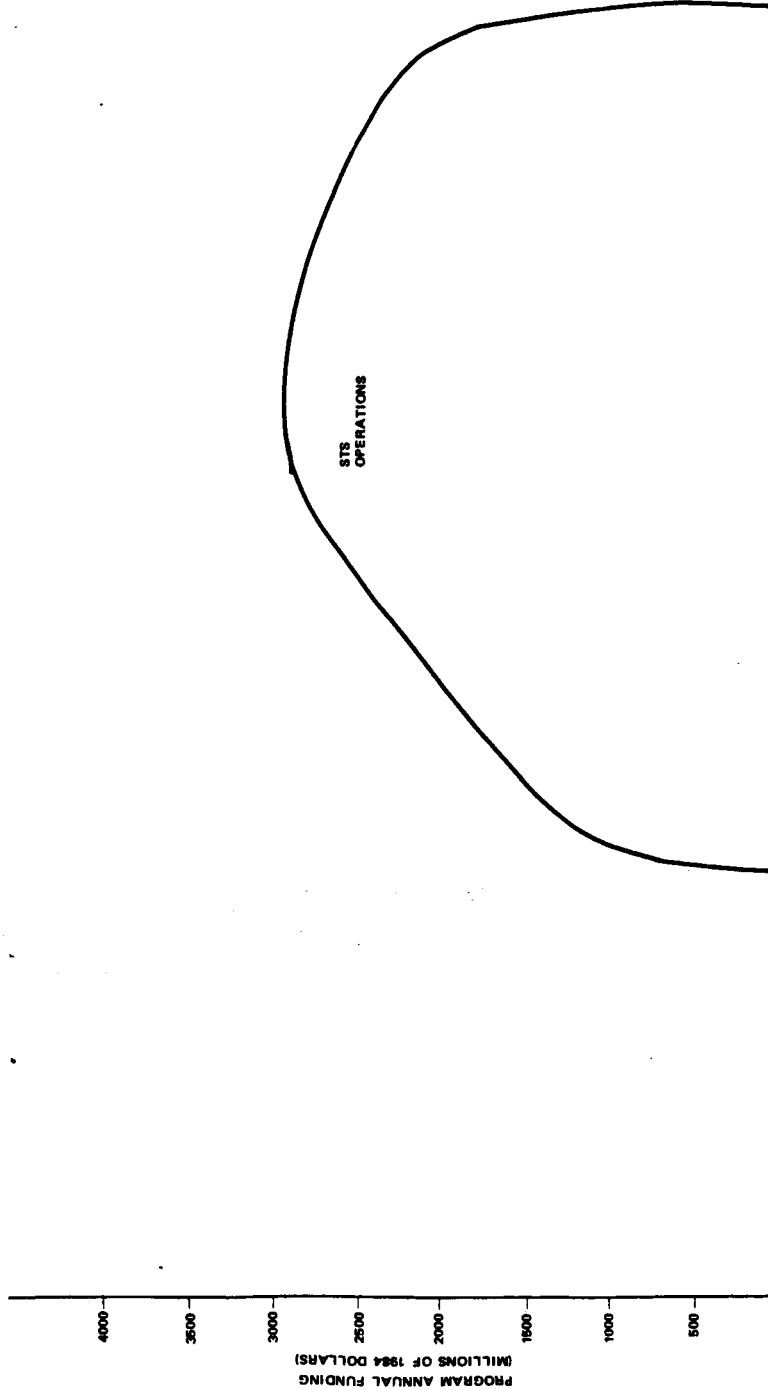


FIGURE 4.3.2-1 PROGRAM FUNDING FOR STS ALONE (1989 - 2000)

PROGRAM COST PHASE	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	TOTALS
DOT&E																								
PRODUCTION OPERATIONS																								
STS ANNUAL TOTALS																								
PROGRAM COST PHASE	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	TOTALS
PRODUCTION OPERATIONS							1171.9	1585.7	1945.4	2282.9	2564.1	2789.1	2906.3	2906.3	2906.3	2906.3	2409.4	2109.4						28125.7
STS ANNUAL TOTALS							1171.9	1585.7	1945.4	2282.9	2564.1	2789.1	2906.3	2906.3	2906.3	2906.3	2409.4	2109.4						28125.7
PROGRAM ANNUAL TOTALS							1171.9	1585.7	1945.4	2282.9	2564.1	2789.1	2906.3	2906.3	2906.3	2906.3	2409.4	2109.4						28125.7

* DOES NOT INCLUDE SALVAGE VALUE SAVINGS

FIGURE 4.3.2-1 PROGRAM FUNDING FOR STS ALONE (1989 - 2000)

123.1.85

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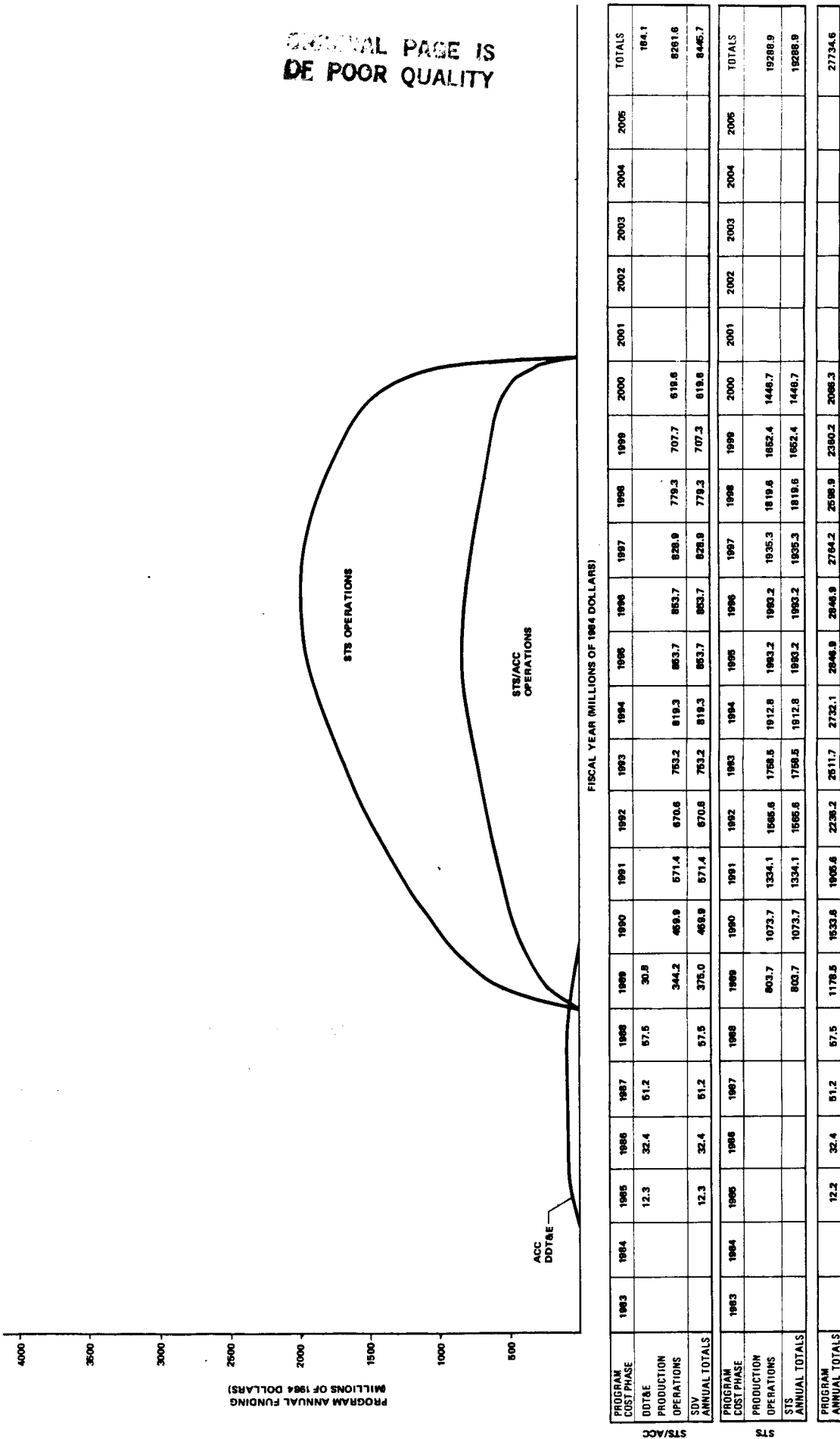


FIGURE 4.3.3-1 PROGRAM FUNDING FOR STS/ACC MIXED FLEET (1989 - 2000)

242.4.85

orbiters are required to support STS/ACC annual flight rates. The \$19.3B STS operations cost estimate is spread over 12 fiscal years.

The estimated \$184M ACC DDT&E cost is spread over 5 years. The \$8.3B STS/ACC operations cost estimate is spread over 12 fiscal years. Fiscal years 1995/96 have the maximum funding allocations with \$2.8B annually required. Average annual funding equals \$1.7B.

4.4 Conclusions and Observations

The cost analysis has demonstrated that the general purpose ACC is economically justified as an extension of STS capabilities. In terms of constant dollars, an investment of \$184M for the general purpose ACC DDT&E reduced NASA STS expenditures (including ACC program costs) by \$753M. In discounted dollars, the reduction in expenditures was \$148M based on an investment of \$135M.

For an investment which is less than one percent of the STS DDT&E cost, the ACC substantially improved STS manifesting capabilities. Even though the STS/general purpose ACC costs per flight increased slightly due to the lower traffic model, the load factors for the STS with ACC have increased which should result in a lower user charge and subsequently improve the STS competitive posture.

The STS/ACC is capable of accommodating mixed DOD/NASA missions with a single flight by carrying a NASA payload in the orbiter bay and a DOD payload in the ACC or vice versa. Orbiter life will subsequently be extended by operating the shuttle with a more optimized payload manifest.

Since the ACC was designed to augment the STS, minimum cost impacts are expected to operational procedures at KSC and VAFB, launch facilities and production facilities.

APPENDIX A

ACC WBS DICTIONARY

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

To establish consistency and visibility within the Aft Cargo Carrier (ACC) program, a preliminary work breakdown structure (WBS) and dictionary were developed. The dictionary contains definitions of terms to be used in conjunction with the WBS so that a clear understanding of the content of the hardware, function, and cost elements may be established.

The total WBS matrix (Figure 1) is a two-dimensional structure which shows the interrelationship of these dimensions: the hardware elements dimension and the phase and function dimension.

The dimension of time cannot be shown graphically, but must be considered. Each cost entry varies with time so that it is necessary to know these cost values by year for budget planning and approval as well as for establishing cost streams for discounting purposes in the economic analysis.

While a multiple dimensional approach may at first appear complex, it actually provides benefits which outweigh any concern. This structural interrelationship provides the capability to view and analyze the ACC costs from a number of different financial and management aspects. Costs may be summed by hardware groupings, phases, functions, etc. The WBS may be used in a number of dimensional or single listing format applications.

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PROJECT		STS PROGRAM 1.000												OPERATIONS (1.4)				
SUB FUNCTION	FUNCTION	PHASE & FUNCTION DIMENSION				DOTS (1.2)				PRODUCTION (1.3)				OPERATIONS (1.4)				
		PHASE	INT	TEST	MANUFACTURING	TEST	MANUFACTURING	TEST	MANUFACTURING	ENGINEERING	ENGINEERING	ENGINEERING	ENGINEERING	MANUFACTURING	OPERATIONS	OPERATIONS	OPERATIONS	
HOW/WH ELEMENT		WBS ROW #	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6
STS VEHICLE		1.0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
VEHICLE INTEGRATED SYSTEM		1.1	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ORBITER		1.2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
INTEGRATED SYSTEM		1.3	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
STRUCTURE		1.4	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROPULSION		1.5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
POWER		1.6	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
AVIONICS		1.7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ECLSS		1.8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ENGINES		1.9	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ASE		2.0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
GSE		2.1	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROPELLANT		2.2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ET		2.3	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
INTEGRATED SYSTEM		2.4	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
STRUCTURES		2.5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROPULSION		2.6	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
POWER		2.7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
AVIONICS		2.8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ENGINES		2.9	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
GSE		3.0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROPELLANT		3.1	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
SBB		3.2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
INTEGRATED SYSTEM		3.3	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
STRUCTURES		3.4	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROPULSION		3.5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
POWER		3.6	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
AVIONICS		3.7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ENGINES		3.8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
GSE		3.9	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROPELLANT		4.0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
ACC		4.1	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
INTEGRATED SYSTEM		4.2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
SHROUD STRUCTURES		4.3	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
SHROUD TPS		4.4	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
SHROUD ACOUSTIC BARRIER		4.5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
SKIRT STRUCTURES		4.6	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
SKIRT TPS		4.7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
SKIRT ACOUSTIC BARRIER		4.8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
PROPULSION		4.9	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
POWER		5.0	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
AVIONICS		5.1	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
GSE		5.2	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
GSE		5.3	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
FACILITIES		5.4	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
MFG/REFURB		5.5	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
TEST		5.6	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
LAUNCH		5.7	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
MISSION		5.8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
RECOVERY		5.9	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

123-1.05

FIGURE 1. ACC WBS MATRIX FORMAT

123.1.05

2.0 DICTIONARY ORGANIZATION

The ACC dictionary is divided into:

- 1) A graphic display of the two-dimensional WBS matrix (Figure 1);
- 2) The hardware element dimension WBS (Figure 2) and the definition of terms;
- 3) The phase and function dimensions WBS's phase (Figures 3, 4, 5 and 6) and the definitions of terms.

A systematic numerical coding system coordinates the rows of the hardware element dimension to the columns of the phase and function dimension such that all matrix locations are identifiable by WBS number.

In Figure 1, each mark (X) represents a matrix position that corresponds to an identifiable task that must be completed for the ACC. Each mark (X) also identifies a cost that will occur and must be accounted for.

3.0 HARDWARE ELEMENTS DIMENSION

The hardware elements dimension contains all of the presently defined ACC hardware elements broken out into project, system/subsystem levels. Inherent within this dimension is the capability for further expansion to lower levels such as assemblies, subassemblies, components, etc., limited only by the realism of the requirements. A typical hardware element WBS is shown in Figure 2. Definitions of the individual elements are contained in the following pages.

4.0 DEFINITIONS OF HARDWARE ELEMENTS

1.0.0 STS

This hardware element is a summary level element composed of all efforts and materials required for research and technology, design, development, production, and operation of the launch vehicle. This item includes those elements which are combined to provide a total system:

1.1.0 Vehicle Integrated Systems

1.2.0 Orbiter

1.3.0 ET

1.4.0 SRB

1.5.0 ACC

1.6.0 Ground Support Equipment

1.1.0 Vehicle Integrated System

This hardware element contains the hardware related efforts and materials required for research and technology, design, development, production, and operations of the total vehicle which cannot be allocated to individual hardware elements below the vehicle level. It includes elements associated with the integration, test, system engineering, and management of the total launch vehicle.

1.2.0 Orbiter

1.3.0 ET

1.4.0 SRB

1.5.0 ACC

This hardware element sums all the efforts and materials required for research and technology, design, development, production, and operations of the major hardware categories. This element includes all subsystems: Integrated Systems, Structures, Propulsion, Power, Avionics, ECLSS, Engines, GSE, ASE (as applies to orbiter/ACC), Propellant.

1.2.1 Integrated Systems

1.3.1 " "

1.4.1

1.5.1

This hardware element contains the hardware related efforts and materials required for research and technology, design, development, production, and operations of the total hardware category which cannot be allocated to individual hardware elements below the hardware category level. It includes elements associated with integration, test, system engineering, and program management of the total hardware category.

1.2.2 Structures

1.3.2 "

1.4.2

This hardware element sums all efforts and materials required for research and technology, design, development, production, and operations of the structures subsystem. This element includes the frame or body structure, stabilizers, tankage, thermal protection, fins, fairings, intertank, forward and aft skirts, aerodynamic surfaces, tunnels, thrust structure, heat shield, other tank supports, and landing provisions.

1.2.3 Propulsion

1.3.3 "

1.4.3

1.5.8

This hardware element sums all efforts and materials required for research and technology, design, development, production, and operations of the propulsion subsystem. This element includes the propellant feed system elements between the engine interface and the propellant tankage interface, including such items as lines, valves, regulators, controls, tank venting systems, pressurization system, engine pneumatic system, and other engine accessories. Also included are the OMS and RCS tanks, feed system and engines. The main rocket engines are not included (see Engines).

1.2.4 Power

1.3.4 "

1.4.4

1.5.9

This hardware element sums all efforts and materials required for research and technology, design, development, production, and operations of the power system. This element includes the electrical and/or hydraulic power for utilization by all vehicle subsystems. Typical hardware contained in this subsystem are generators, batteries, auxiliary power generators, hydraulic pumps, power converters, power distributors, hydraulic lines, valves, cables and wiring, power conditioners, and lights.

1.2.5 Avionics

1.3.5 "

1.4.5

1.5.10

This hardware element sums all efforts and materials required for research and technology, design, development, production, and operations of the avionics subsystem. This element includes guidance, navigation and control, data management, flight instrumentation, communications and air traffic control and displays and controls. Typical hardware utilized by this subsystem are: computer complex, recorder and storage units, data bus interface, inertial measurement unit, rate gyro package, signal conditioner, caution and warning, measuring equipment, antenna system, tracking and command, telemetry, flight sensors, and switching networks.

1.2.6 ECLSS

This hardware element sums all efforts and materials required for research and technology, design, development, production, and operations of the environmental control and life support subsystem. This element contains the ECLSS equipment required to provide for a shirt sleeve environment for booster crew and passengers. Some of the functions the equipment must perform are heating and cooling, water and waste management, flight environmental control, electronic thermal control, consumable storage and supply, cabin pressurization, portable oxygen supply, fire fighting equipment, and a vehicle free volume purge system which controls fuel oxidizers and tank temperatures.

1.2.7 Engines

1.3.6 "

1.4.6

This hardware element sums all efforts and materials required for research and technology, design, development, production, and operations of the engine subsystem. This element contains the primary rocket engine only.

1.2.8 ASE

This hardware element sums all efforts and materials required for research and technology, design, development, production, and operations of the airborne support equipment. This element includes those STS hardware items required to mate the payload (i.e., Upper Stages) with the STS, link with and separate from it. Included are such items as structural, mechanical equipment, fluid systems, electrical, and avionics equipment that provide STS/payload interfaces while the payload is in the payload bay and while it is entering or leaving it during a mission.

1.2.9 GSE

1.3.7 "

1.4.7

1.5.11

This hardware element sums all efforts and materials required for research and technology, design, development, production, and operations of the ground support equipment. This element includes those hardware items used to perform ground tests on the system and/or subsystem items and those used during the operational phase (spares).

1.2.10 Propellant

1.3.8 "

1.4.8

This hardware element includes all flight propellants, all power systems fuels and oxidizers, pressurants, purging gases, and fluids. Propellant totals support annual base requirements plus total flight requirements. Included are LO_2 , LH_2 , N_2H_4 , N_2O_4 , etc.

1.5.2 Shroud Structures

This hardware element sums all the efforts required for research and technology, design, development, production and operations of the ACC shroud structure. This element includes the frame structure, separation mechanisms, staging rails and muffler vent assembly.

1.5.3 Shroud TPS

This hardware element sums all the efforts required for research and technology, design, development, production and operations of the ACC shroud thermal protection system. This element includes the SLA and CPR covering the jettisoned shroud.

1.5.4 Shroud Acoustic Barrier

This hardware element sums all the efforts required for research and technology, design, development, production and operations of the ACC shroud acoustic barrier.

1.5.5 Skirt Structures

This hardware element sums all the efforts required for research and technology, design, development, production and operations of the ACC skirt structures. This element includes the payload support structures.

1.5.6 Skirt TPS

This hardware element sums all the efforts required for research and technology, design, development, production and operations of the ACC skirt TPS.

1.5.7 Skirt Acoustic Barrier

This hardware element sums all the efforts required for research and technology, design, development, production and operations of the ACC skirt acoustic barrier.

1.6.0 GSE

This hardware element sums all the efforts and materials required for research and technology, design, development, production, and operations of the GSE for the total launch vehicle. This element includes all hardware items used to perform ground tests on the system/subsystem and simulations.

2.0.0 Facilities

This hardware element sums all effort and materials required for research and technology, design, development, construction/modification and activation of the facilities. This element is subdivided into the following:

- 2.1.0 Manufacturing/Refurbish
- 2.2.0 Test
- 2.3.0 Launch
- 2.4.0 Mission
- 2.5.0 Recovery

2.1.0 Manufacturing/Refurbishment

This hardware element sums all efforts and materials required for research and technology, design, development, construction/modification and activation of the manufacturing and refurbishment facilities. This element includes manufacturing and refurbishment facilities for the launch vehicle hardware elements and propellants.

2.2.0 Test

This hardware element sums all efforts and materials required for research and technology, design, development, construction/modification and activation of the test facilities.

2.3.0 Launch

This hardware element includes all efforts and materials required for research and technology, design, development, construction/modification and activation of the launch facilities. This element includes transportation equipment, stage processing facilities, vehicle integration facilities, launch servicing facilities, etc.

2.4.0 Mission

This hardware element sums all efforts and materials required for the research and technology, design, development, construction/ modification and activation of the mission control facilities. This element includes facilities required to monitor the mission at the various operational levels and provides information required to control, direct, and evaluate the mission from prelaunch checkout through recovery. Facilities required include a central flight control facility, a worldwide network of monitoring stations, and real time display system.

2.5.0 Recovery

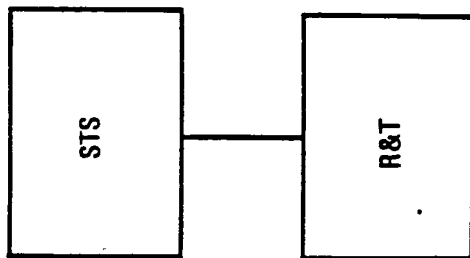
This hardware element sums all efforts and materials required for the research and technology, design, development, construction/modification and activation of the recovery facilities. This element includes the surface transportation equipment, tracking equipment, etc. required at the termination of a mission.

5.0 PHASE AND FUNCTION DIMENSION

The phase dimension is divided into four major phases: research and technology (R&T); design, development, test, and evaluation (DDT&E); production; and operations. The R&T phase is not subdivided but includes top level estimates of the efforts and materials required to establish new technology. The remaining phases are subsequently subdivided into subfunctions such as systems engineering and integration, design and development, tooling, flight hardware, program support, etc. An illustration of a typical WBS for each phase is shown in Figures 3, 4, 5 and 6. Definitions of the individual elements are contained in the following pages.

LEVELS

PROJECT



PHASE

FIGURE 3. RESEARCH & TECHNOLOGY PHASE

LEVELS

PROJECT

PHASE

FUNCTION

SUBFUNCTION

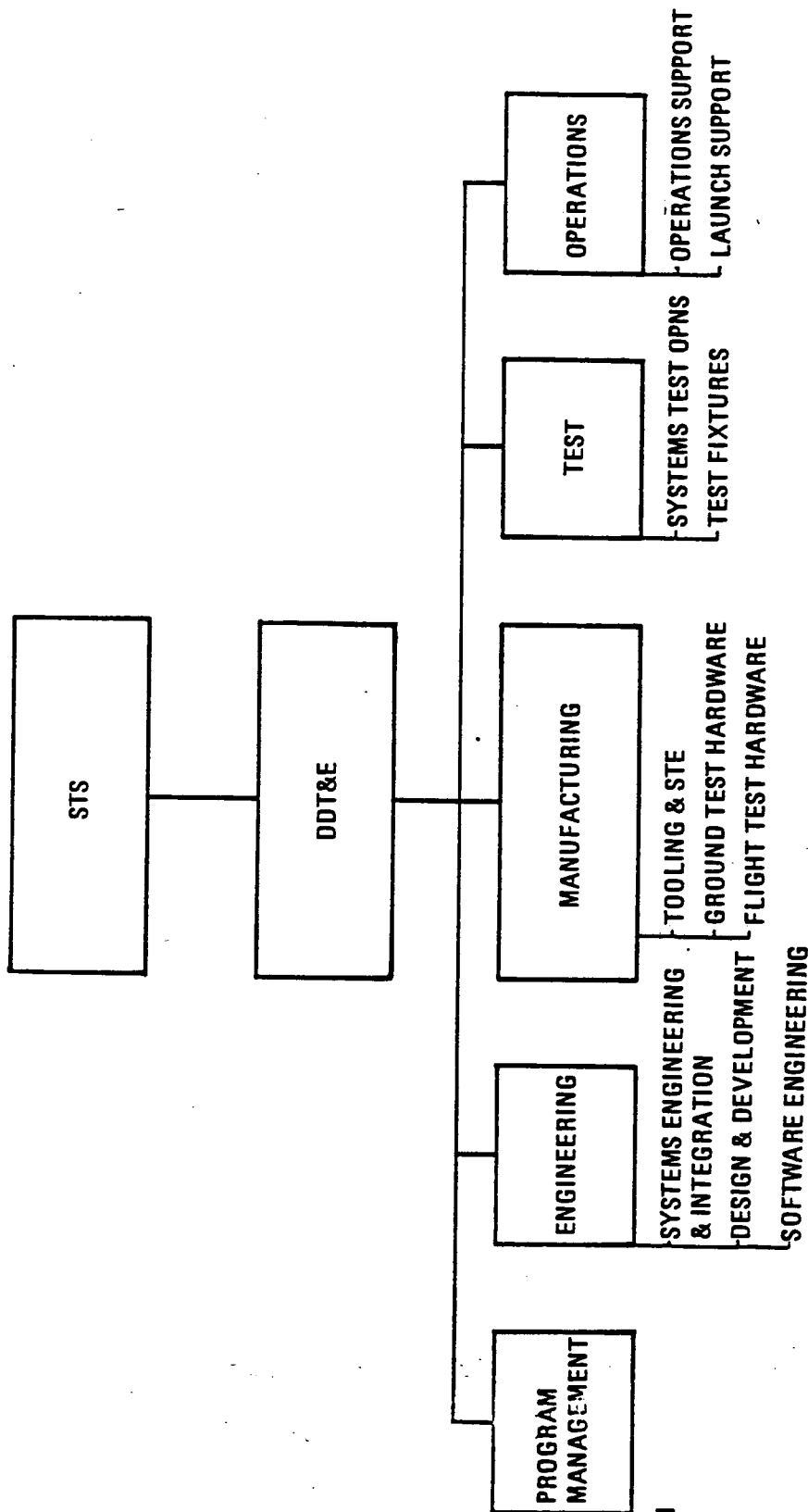


FIGURE 4. DESIGN, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, & EVALUATION (DDT&E) WBS PHASE & FUNCTION DIMENSION

LEVELS

PROJECT

PHASE

A-15

FUNCTION

SUBFUNCTION

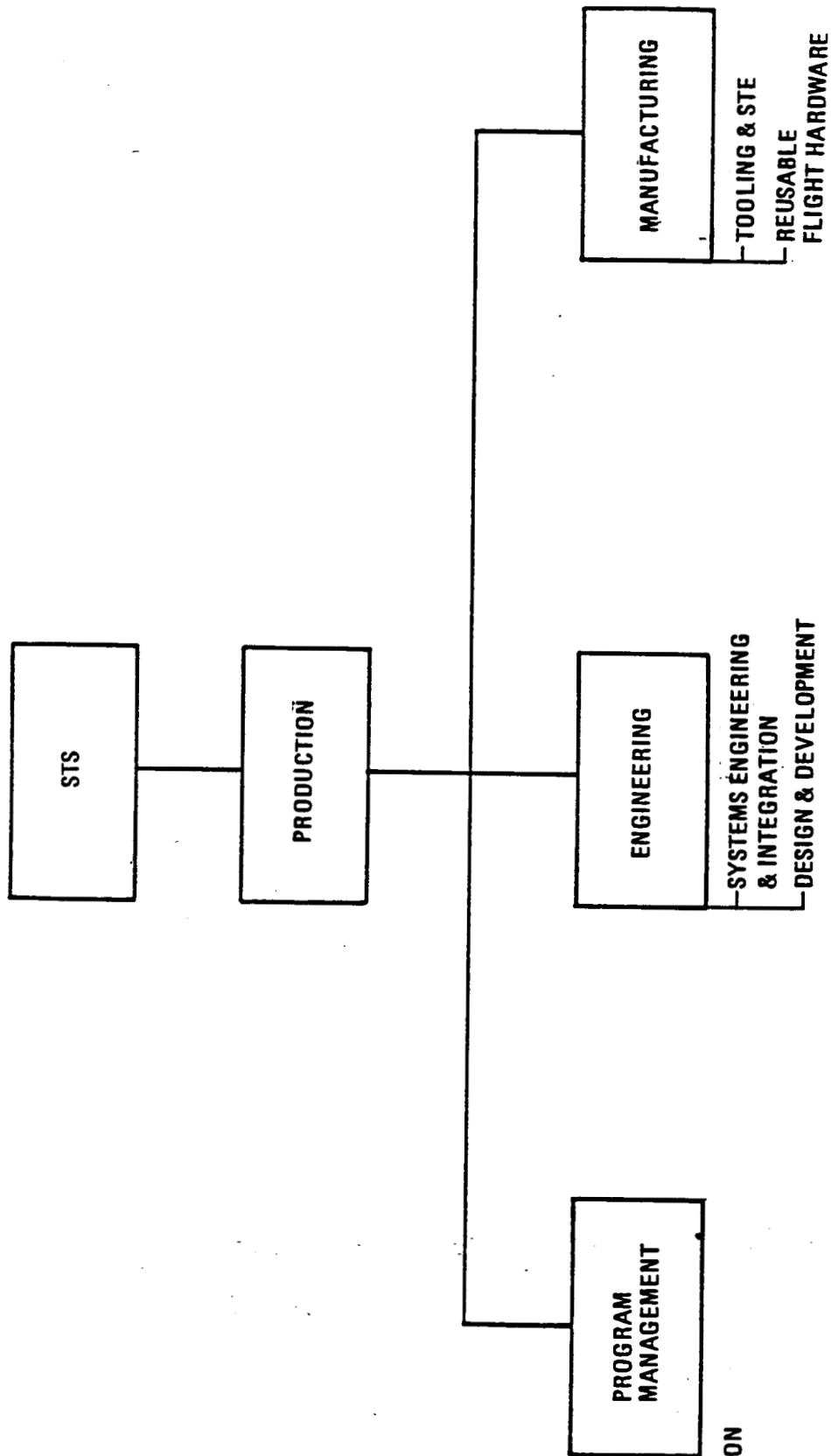


FIGURE 5. PRODUCTION WBS PHASE & FUNCTION DIMENSION

LEVELS

PROJECT

PHASE

FUNCTION

SUBFUNCTION

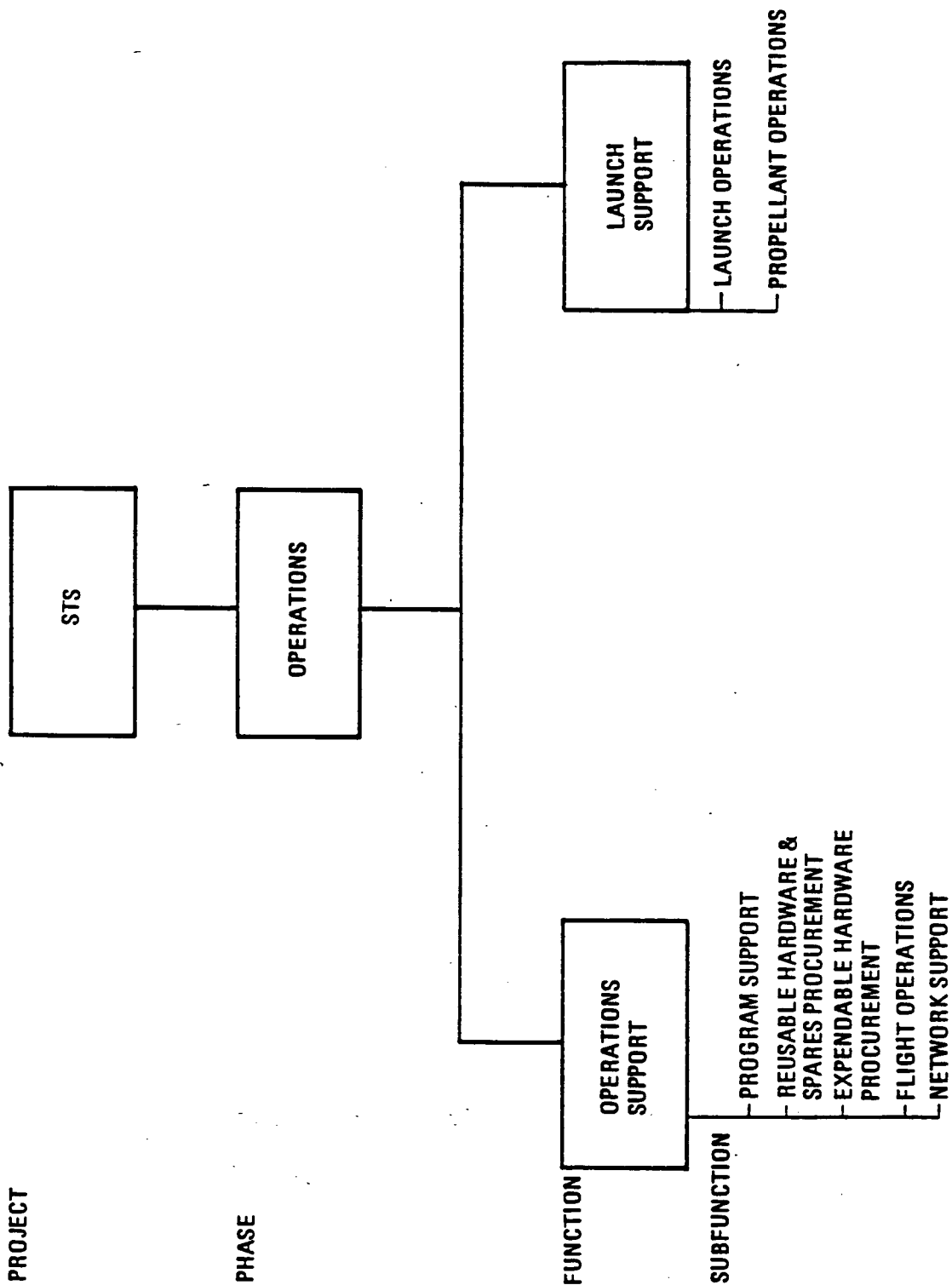


FIGURE 6. OPERATIONS WBS PHASE AND FUNCTION DIMENSION

6.0 DEFINITIONS OF PHASES AND FUNCTIONS

1.0.0.0 STS Program

This element sums all efforts and materials required for research and technology, development, production, and operations of the total STS program.

1.1.0.0 R&T - R&T Phase

This phase includes all efforts and materials required to advance the state-of-the-art in selected technologies. Areas of emphasis will include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Manufacturing
- TPS
- Composite Materials
- Hardware Recovery

1.2.0.0 DDT&E - DDT&E Phase

This phase encompasses those tasks associated with the DDT&E phase of the vehicle and with the requirement for demonstrating the vehicle's performance capabilities.

- 1.2.1.0 Program Management
- 1.2.2.0 Engineering
- 1.2.3.0 Manufacturing
- 1.2.4.0 Test
- 1.2.5.0 Operations

Specifically, it includes: mission analysis and requirements definition; mission and support hardware functional definition and design specification; design support; test hardware manufacture; functional, qualification and flight test effort. Also included are special test equipment and development tooling; mission control and/or launch site activation (if required); logistics, training (that is not covered in operations), developmental spares and other program peculiar costs not associated with repetitive production.

1.2.1.0 Program Management - DDT&E Phase

This DDT&E element includes all efforts and materials required for management and fundamental direction to ensure that a quality product is produced and delivered on schedule and within budget. Specific lower level items that are included are:

- Program Administration
- Program Planning and Control
- Contracts Administration
- Engineering Management
- Manufacturing Management
- Support Management
- Quality Assurance Management
- Configuration Management
- Data Management

These items sum all efforts required to provide direction and control of the development of the system, including the efforts required for planning, organizing, directing, coordination, and controlling the project to ensure that overall project objectives are accomplished.

1.2.2.0 Engineering - DDT&E Phase

This DDT&E element includes all efforts and materials associated with analysis, design, development, evaluation, and redesign for specified hardware element items. This element is subdivided into the following lower elements:

- 1.2.2.1 Systems Engineering and Integration
- 1.2.2.2 Design and Development Engineering
- 1.2.2.3 Software Engineering

1.2.2.1 Systems Engineering and Integration - DDT&E Phase

This DDT&E element includes the engineering efforts related to the establishment of a technical baseline for a system by generation of system configuration parameters, criteria, and requirements. Specifically included are:

- Engineering Analysis and Systems Integration
- Human and Value Engineering
- Logistics and Training
- Safety, Reliability, Maintainability and Quality Assurance Requirements

1.2.2.2 Design and Development Engineering - DDT&E Phase

This DDT&E element includes all efforts associated with analysis, design, development, evaluation, and redesign necessary to translate a performance specification into a design. Specifically included are the preparation of specification and fabrication drawings, parts lists, wiring diagrams, technical coordination between engineering and manufacturing, vendor coordination, data reduction, and engineering related report preparation. This element can be further subdivided into the following:

- Structures
- Mechanical
- Electrical
- Propulsion
- Aerodynamics

1.2.2.3 Software Engineering - DDT&E Phase

This DDT&E element includes the cost of the design, development, production, checkout, maintenance and delivery of computer software. Included are ground test, on-board and mission or flight software.

1.2.3.0 Manufacturing - DDT&E Phase

This DDT&E element includes the efforts and materials required to produce the various items of test hardware required by the program which include inspection assembly and checkout of tools, parts, material, subassemblies, and assemblies. The testing of this hardware is accomplished under system test operations. The test articles considered under this element include development models, engineering models, design verification units, qualifications models, structural test units, thermal models, mechanical models, and prototypes. Also included are the design and construction of DDT&E manufacturing facilities. This element is further subdivided into the following:

- 1.2.3.1 Tooling and STE
- 1.2.3.2 Ground Test Hardware
- 1.2.3.3 Flight Test Hardware

1.2.3.1 Tooling and STE - DDT&E Phase

This DDT&E element includes all efforts and materials associated with the planning, design, fabrication, assembly, inspection, installation, modification, maintenance, and rework of all tools, dies, jigs, fixtures, guages, handling equipment, work platforms, and special test equipment necessary for manufacture of the DDT&E vehicles.

1.2.3.2 Ground Test Hardware - DDT&E Phase

This DDT&E element includes all efforts and materials required to produce the various items of required ground test hardware. This element includes processing, subassembly, final assembly, reworking, and modification and installation of parts and equipment. Ground test hardware includes such items as static and dynamic test models, thermal and (if required) firing test articles and the qualification test unit. Also included are those costs chargeable to the acceptance testing, quality control program, and assembly as related to ground test hardware. In addition, the design and construction of manufacturing facilities for DDT&E vehicles are included.

1.2.3.3 Flight Test Hardware - DDT&E Phase

This DDT&E element includes all efforts and materials required to produce the various items of flight test hardware. This element includes the same basic operations as defined in WBS item number 1.2.3.2 (Ground Test Hardware).

1.2.4.0 Test - DDT&E Phase

This DDT&E element includes all efforts and materials required for qualifications, integration, and system/subsystem development tests, including the design and fabrication of test facilities and fixtures. This element is further subdivided into the following:

1.2.4.1 Systems Test Operations

1.2.4.2 Test Fixtures

1.2.4.1 Systems Test Operations - DDT&E Phase

This DDT&E element includes all efforts and materials required for assemblies, subsystems, and systems to determine operational characteristics and compatibility with the overall system and its intended operational/non-operational environment. Such tests include design feasibility tests, design and integrated systems to verify whether they are unconditionally suitable for their intended use. These tests are conducted on hardware that have been produced, inspected, and assembled by established methods. Tests performed by two or more contractors to substantiate the feasibility compatibility are also included as well as test planning and scheduling, data reduction and report preparation. In addition, the design and construction of DDT&E test facilities are included.

1.2.4.2 Test Fixtures - DDT&E Phase

This DDT&E element includes all the efforts and materials required for the design and fabrication of the unique test fixtures required to support a given system/subsystem test.

1.2.5.0 Operations - DDT&E Phase

This DDT&E element includes all efforts and materials required to operate the hardware defined in the corresponding hardware elements during flight test operations. Also included are the design, construction, and operation of the launch, mission, and recovery facilities required for DDT&E test flights. This element further subdivides into the following:

1.2.5.1 Operations Support

1.2.5.2 Launch Support

1.2.5.1 Operations Support - DDT&E Phase

This element includes all efforts and materials required to support the DDT&E flight test program. This item includes the operation of the mission control facilities and equipment. Included is mission control monitoring which provides the information required to control, direct, and evaluate the mission from prelaunch through recovery. In addition, the design and construction of the DDT&E mission control facilities are included.

1.2.5.2 Launch Support - DDT&E Phase

This operations element includes all efforts and materials required to support launch and recovery operations during the DDT&E flight test program. Included are those efforts and materials associated with the receipt of the major hardware categories of the mission hardware. This element does not include payload integration. Included are subelements such as ground operations (including recovery) and propellant operations. In addition, the design and construction of DDT&E launch and recovery facilities are included.

1.3.0.0 Production - Production Phase

This phase includes all efforts and materials required for the production of the reusable flight hardware to meet the total operational requirements. This includes the production of initial spares, but excludes the operational spares as they are included under the operations phase. Specifically this phase includes the following functions:

- 1.3.1.0 Program Management
 - 1.3.2.0 Engineering
 - 1.3.3.0 Manufacturing
-

1.3.1.0 Program Management - Production Phase

This element includes all efforts and materials required to ensure fundamental direction, and to make decisions to ensure that a quality product is produced and delivered on schedule and within budget. Specifically included are program administration, program planning and control, contracts administration, engineering management, manufacturing management, project management, and documentation. This item sums all efforts required to provide direction and control of the production of the system, including the efforts required for planning, organizing, direction, coordination, and controlling the project to ensure that overall project objectives are accomplished. These efforts overlay the other functional categories and assure that they are properly integrated.

1.3.2.0 Engineering - Production Phase

This element includes those sustaining engineering efforts and materials necessary to facilitate production and to resolve day-to-day production problems. This element includes the following:

- 1.3.2.1 Systems Engineering and Integration
- 1.3.2.2 Design and Development Engineering

1.3.2.1 Systems Engineering and Integration - Production Phase

This element includes the recurring engineering efforts related to the maintenance of a technical baseline for systems configuration parameters, criteria, and requirements. This baseline may include specifications, procedures, reports, technical evaluation, software, and interface definition. This element also includes those efforts required to monitor the system during production to ensure that the hardware conforms to the baseline specifications.

1.3.2.2 Design and Development Engineering - Production Phase

This element includes all recurring efforts and materials associated with sustaining engineering required during the production of the reusable flight hardware and initial spares.

1.3.3.0 Manufacturing - Production Phase

This element includes all recurring efforts and materials associated with the production of reusable flight hardware, initial spares, tooling, and special test equipment (STE). Also included are the design and construction of additional manufacturing facilities during the production phase. This element includes:

1.3.3.1 Tooling and STE

1.3.3.2 Reusable Flight Hardware

1.3.3.1 Tooling and STE - Production Phase

This element includes the fabrication of production tooling and those sustaining efforts necessary to facilitate production and to resolve production problems involving tooling and STE. This element also includes the production and/or procurement of replacement parts and spares.

1.3.3.2 Reusable Flight Hardware - Production Phase

This element includes all efforts and materials required to produce production flight units. This item includes time expended on, or chargeable to, such operations as fabrication processing, subassembly, final assembly, reworking, modification, and installation of parts and equipment (including Government furnished equipment). Included are those costs chargeable to the acceptance testing, quality control program, and assembly as related to flight units. The design and construction of additional manufacturing facilities required during the production phase are also included.

1.4.0.0 Operations - Operations Phase

This phase includes those efforts and materials associated with the receipt of the stages, shrouds, etc. at the launch site and the processing, testing, and integration required to prepare for and launch the mission hardware and recovery. This phase also includes reusable hardware spares procurement to support hardware refurbishment and replenishment operations, expendable hardware and initial spares procurement and GSE maintenance. Additional facilities required to meet updated mission requirements are also included. This element is subdivided into the following:

1.4.1.0 Operations Support.

1.4.2.0 Launch Support

1.4.1.0 Operations Support - Operations Phase

This operations element includes the efforts and materials required to support the operational program. This item includes the operations and program support of the mission control facilities and equipment. It includes reusable hardware spares procurement to support hardware refurbishment and replenishment operations, expendable hardware procurement and GSE Maintenance. This element is subdivided into the following:

1.4.1.1 Program Support

1.4.1.2 Reusable Hardware and Spares Procurement

1.4.1.3 Expendable Hardware Procurement

1.4.1.4 Flight Operations

1.4.1.5 Network Support

1.4.1.1 Program Support - Operations

This operations element includes efforts and materials required to support the operational program. Included are the hardware/mission control center effort and the associated contractor effort to support the operations phase of the program. Mission planning, mission control, sustaining engineering and program management activities for hardware delivery in direct support of the program are included as well as the indirect effort required to support the program or provide multi-program support which must be pro-rated to the program. Both civil service and support contractor effort at the hardware/mission control centers are included. This item includes such functions as:

- Management Systems

- Operations and Maintenance of Computers and Terminals

- Systems Engineering Support Requirements

- Documents

- Flight Planning Support

- National Weather Service

- Sustaining Engineering

Also, any additional mission control facility design and construction required in the operational phase are included here.

1.4.1.2 Reusable Hardware Spares Procurement - Operations Phase

This operations element includes all production, refurbishment and spares cost of the reusable SRB and orbiter in the operational phase of the program.

1.4.1.3 Expendable Hardware Procurement - Operations Phase

This operations element includes all the production and spares costs of the external tank and ACC hardware that is expended in the operational phase of the program.

1.4.1.4 Flight Operations - Operations Phase

This operations element includes all efforts and materials required to support the mission hardware after launch. This effort includes the following:

- o Mission control operations, simulator operations, software production facility, orbiter flight software and flight design.
- o Crew operations such as: T-38 aircraft operations, shuttle carrier aircraft operations, shuttle training aircraft operations, crew procedures and flight control.
- o Engineering support to include crew systems lab, data processing system maintenance, shuttle avionics lab, mockups/trainers, simulator software support and other engineering support function.
- o Program Management and Support

1.4.1.5 Network Support - Operations Phase

This operations element includes the operations and maintenance of the NASCOM communication links.

1.4.2.0 Launch Support - Operations Phase

This operations element includes all the efforts and materials required for launch support. This element includes those efforts and materials associated with the receipt of the major hardware elements at the launch site and the processing, testing, and integration required for preparation and launch of the mission hardware. This element does not include payload integration. The design and construction of operational launch and recovery facilities above those provided in the DDT&E phase are included in this item. Further sub elements are:

1.4.2.1 Launch Operations

1.4.2.2 Propellant Operations

1.4.2.1 Launch Operations - Operations Phase

This operations element includes all the effort and materials required for the receipt of the vehicle hardware at the launch site and the processing, testing, and integration required to prepare for launching of the mission hardware. This effort includes the manpower associated with the:

- o Processing, testing, and integration of the flight hardware
- o Operation and maintenance of launch related ground support equipment
- o Offline ground systems activities (shops, labs, etc.) required to support the vehicle turnaround activities
- o GSE sustaining engineering effort to support modification design and configuration control of all launch site related ground support equipment
- o Direct and indirect civil service effort for program management of all prelaunch and launch site activities
- o Direct and indirect contractor activities at the launch site including a prorata share of the base support functions
- o Production and inventory/control of the launch site related ground support equipment replenishment/refurbishment spares.

Any additional launch or recovery facilities required for the operational phase are included in this event, as well as landing and recovery operations.

1.4.2.2 Propellant Operations - Operations Phase

This operations element includes all flight propellant costs at the launch site such as all fuel and oxidizers, pressurants, purging gases and fluids to support the operational phase of the program. These costs reflect annual base requirements in addition to total flight requirements. Also included are any additional manufacturing facilities required above those provided in the DDT&E phase.

APPENDIX B
GENERAL PURPOSE ACC COST ESTIMATES BY WBS

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

STS / ACC CONFIGURATION LCC SUMMARY: AFT CARGO CARRIER

303.0 MANIFESTED FLIGHTS

216.0 STS FLIGHTS

87.0 ACC FLIGHTS

	RESEARCH & TECH COSTS	DDT & E COSTS	PRODUCTION COSTS	OPERATIONS COSTS	BALANCE VALUE	TOTAL COSTS
STS	-	-	-	19,288.9	537.0	18,751.9
* ACC	-	180.2	3.9	8,261.6	-	8,445.7
* TOTALS	-	180.2	3.9	27,550.5	537.0	27,197.6

* STS / ACC CONFIGURATION LCC: 27,197.6

* INCLUDES HARDWARE ELEMENTS AND FACILITIES

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

STS / ACC REUSABLE HARDWARE PRODUCTION COSTS: AFT CARGO CARRIER

REUSABLE HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS

REUSABLE HARDWARE ELEMENTS	TURNAROUND TIME (CLOCK HRS.) * ETR	MAXIMUM LAUNCH RATE ETR	ANNUAL WTR	OPERATIONS SERV LIFE**	HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS TOTALS	BL-DDT&E HARDWARE QUANTITY	PRODUCTION QUANTITY
ORBITER	948.0	1,104.0	35.0	-	4.0	4.0	-
LRB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P/A MODULE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

REUSABLE HARDWARE COSTS

REUSABLE HARDWARE ELEMENTS	PRODUCTION QUANTITY	FIRST UNIT COST ***	IMPROVEMENT CURVE FACTOR	REUSABLE HARDWARE COST
ORBITER	-	1,239.5	1.0	-
LRB	-	-	-	-
P/A MODULE	-	-	-	-

STS REUSABLE HARDWARE PRODUCTION COST:	0.0
ACC REUSABLE HARDWARE PRODUCTION COST:	3.9
STS/ACC CONFIGURATION REUSABLE HARDWARE COST:	3.9

* BASED ON DOCUMENT STAR-23 ASSESSMENT
** INCLUDES ATTRIBUTION HARDWARE AS APPLICABLE
*** PRODUCTION COSTS (REUSABLE HARDWARE, PROGRAM MANAGEMENT, SYSTEMS INTEGRATION, SUSTAINING ENGINEERING, SUSTAINING TOOLING) ALLOCATED ON A PER UNIT BASIS

STS / ACC OPERATIONS COSTS: AFT CARGO CARRIER

DATE: MON, APR 22 1983
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

303.0 MANIFESTED FLIGHTS

OPERATIONS COST ELEMENTS	STS COST PER FLIGHT		ACC COST PER FLIGHT	
	ETR COST PER FLIGHT	WTR COST PER FLIGHT	ETR COST PER FLIGHT	WTR COST PER FLIGHT
ORBITER HARDWARE SUPPORT	7.7	-	7.7	-
CREW EQUIPMENT	1.1	-	1.1	-
ORBITER SSME	1.7	-	1.7	-
SRB	20.6	-	20.6	-
ET	18.1	-	18.1	-
CONTRACT ADMINISTRATION	0.8	-	0.8	-
PROPELLANTS: ET, OMS & RCS	1.4	-	1.4	-
GSE SPARE	0.9	-	0.9	-
LAUNCH OPERATIONS	12.7	-	12.8	-
FLIGHT OPERATIONS	13.0	-	14.0	-
RESOURCE & PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	11.0	-	11.0	-
NET WORK SUPPORT	0.4	-	0.4	-
ET MODIFICATION	-	-	0.1	-
ACC SHROUD	-	-	0.7	-
ACC SKIRT & P/L SUPORT STRUCTURE	-	-	3.7	-

COST PER FLIGHT TOTALS

89.3

0.0

95.0

0.0

OPERATIONS COST TOTALS

19,288.9

8,261.6

STS / ACC CONFIGURATION TOTAL OPERATIONS COST: 27,550.5

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

SHUTTLE DERIVED VEHICLE COST SUMMARY: AFT CARGO CARRIER

87.0 MANIFESTED ACC FLIGHTS

H A R D W A R E E L E M E N T S	R E S E A R C H & T E C H N O L O G Y C O S T S	D D T & E C O S T S	P R O D U C T I O N C O S T S	O P E R A T I O N S C O S T S	T O T A L C O S T S
VEHICLE INTEO. SYS	-	25.8	0.2	3,470.9	3,496.9
ORBITER	-	9.5	3.7	955.9	969.1
ET	-	6.4	-	1,660.3	1,666.7
SRB	-	-	-	1,788.1	1,788.1
ACC	-	95.9	-	386.4	482.3
QSE	-	6.5	-	-	6.5
STS/ACC VEHICLE	-	144.1	3.9	8,261.6	8,409.7
FACILITIES	-	36.1	-	-	36.1
* ACC TOTAL	-	180.2	3.9	8,261.6	8,445.7

* SHUTTLE DERIVED VEHICLE LCC: 8,445.7

* INCLUDES HARDWARE ELEMENTS AND FACILITIES

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

HARDWARE ELEMENT SUMMARY: DDT&E

D D T & E

144. 1

PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	ENGINEERING			MANUFACTURING			TEST			OPERATIONS	
	13.9	62.6	53.0	13.7	1.0						
	SYS ENG & INTEG	DESIGN & DEVELOPMT	SOFTWARE ENGINEER	TOOLING & SITE	QND TEST HARDWARE	FLT TEST HARDWARE	SYS TEST OPER	TEST FIXTURE	OPER. SUPP.	LAUNCH SUPP.	
VEHICLE INTEG. SYS	7.1	11.8	-	-	-	-	5.9	-	0.8	0.1	
ORBITER	0.5	1.7	2.1	3.4	0.8	0.8	0.2	0.0	-	-	
ET	0.4	1.3	2.1	-	1.8	0.0	0.7	0.1	-	-	
SRB	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ACC	6.0	10.3	23.6	-	36.2	6.4	5.8	0.9	-	-	
GBE	-	-	6.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
STB/ACC VEHICLE	13.9	25.0	34.2	3.4	38.0	7.3	12.6	1.0	0.8	0.1	

HARDWARE ELEMENT SUMMARY: PRODUCTION

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

P R O D U C T I O N

3.9

PROGRAM
MANAGEMENT

0.1

E N G I N E E R I N G

1.0

SYSTEM ENGINEER
AND INTEGRATION

VEHICLE INTEO. SYS

0.1

DESIGN AND
DEVELOPMENT

TOOLING
AND STE

2.8

REUSABLE
FLIGHT HARD

ORBITER

0.2

0.7

0.4

2.5

E T

-

-

-

-

S R B

-

-

-

-

A C C

-

-

-

-

O S E

-

-

-

-

STS/ACC VEHICLE

0.1

0.7

0.4

2.9

M A N U F A C T U R I N G

HARDWARE ELEMENT SUMMARY: OPERATIONS

DATE : MON, APR 22 1983
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

OPERATIONS

8,261.6

OPERATIONS SUPPORT

6,754.2

LAUNCH SUPPORT

1,507.4

VEHICLE INTEG. SYS	PROGRAM SUPPORT	REUS HARD & SPARES	EXPNDABLE HARD PROC	FLIGHT OPS	NETWORK SUPPORT	LAUNCH OPS	PROPELLANT OPS
ORBITER	1,021.2	80.2	-	1,220.6	35.0	1,114.0	-
ET	-	908.3	-	-	-	-	47.6
SRB	174.1	-	1,408.6	-	-	-	77.6
ACC	-	983.5	536.4	-	-	-	268.2
OSE	86.6	-	299.8	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
STS/ACC VEHICLE	1,281.9	1,972.0	2,244.9	1,220.6	35.0	1,114.0	393.4

HARDWARE ELEMENT SUMMARY: DDT&E

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

DDT & E

9.5

PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	ENGINEERING				MANUFACTURING				TEST OPERATIONS			
	0.5	7.1	2.1	3.4	0.8	1.6	0.3	0.0	TEST FIXTURE	OPER. SUPP.	LAUNCH SUPP.	
ORBITER	0.5	1.7	2.1	3.4	0.8	1.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	-	-	
INTEGRATED SYSTEM	0.5	1.7	-	-	-	-	0.2	0.0	0.2	-	-	
STRUCTURE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PROPULSION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
POWER	-	-	0.4	-	-	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	
AVIONICS	-	-	1.6	3.4	0.7	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	
ECLSS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ENGINES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
ASE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CSE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
PROPELLANT	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

6. A

B-9

HARDWARE ELEMENT SUMMARY: DDT&E

DATE : MON, APR 22 1983
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

DDT & E

95.9

PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	ENGINEERING				MANUFACTURING				TEST		OPERATIONS	
	6.0	33.8	49.4	6.7	0.0							
	SYS ENG & INTEG	DESIGN & DEVELMNT	SOFTWARE ENGINEER	TOOLING & STE	CND TEST HARDWARE	FLT TEST HARDWARE	SYS TEST OPER	TEST FIXTURE	OPER. SUPP.	LAUNCH SUPP.		
A C C	6.0	10.3	23.6	-	36.2	6.4	6.8	5.8	0.9	-	-	-
INTEGRATED SYSTEM	6.0	10.3	2.3	-	-	1.0	1.0	5.8	0.9	-	-	-
SHROUD STRUCTURES	-	-	5.0	-	12.4	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	-
SHROUD TPS	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.5	0.5	-	-	-	-	-
SHROUD AC. BARR.	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-
SKIRT STRUCTURES	-	-	13.1	-	23.7	0.9	0.9	-	-	-	-	-
SKIRT TPS	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-
SKIRT AC. BARR.	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	0.1	-	-	-	-	-
PROPULSION	-	-	1.7	-	-	1.5	1.5	-	-	-	-	-
POWER	-	-	0.2	-	-	0.3	0.3	-	-	-	-	-
AVIONICS	-	-	0.8	-	-	0.9	1.3	-	-	-	-	-
GSE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

HARDWARE ELEMENT SUMMARY: DDT&E

DDT & E

36.1

PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	ENGINEERING		MANUFACTURING			TEST		OPERATIONS	
	0.0	36.1	TOOLING & SITE	END HARDWARE	FLT TEST HARDWARE	SYB TEST OPER	TEST FIXTURE	OPER. SUPP.	LAUNCH SUPP.
FACILITIES									
MFO / REFURB	-	36.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TEST	-	19.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LAUNCH	-	21.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MISSION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RECOVERY	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

HARDWARE ELEMENT SUMMARY: PRODUCTION

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

P R O D U C T I O N

3.7

PROGRAM
MANAGEMENT

0.0

E N G I N E E R I N G

0.9

SYSTEM ENGINEER
AND INTEGRATION

0.2

0.2

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

DESIGN AND
DEVELOPMENT

0.7

-

-

-

0.0

0.6

-

-

-

-

TOOLING
AND STE

0.4

-

-

-

0.1

0.3

-

-

-

-

REUSABLE
FLIGHT HARD

2.5

-

-

-

0.4

2.1

-

-

-

-

ORBITER

INTEGRATED SYSTEM

STRUCTURE

PROPULSION

POWER

AVIONICS

ECLSS

ENGINES

ASE

CSE

PROPELLANT

HARDWARE ELEMENT SUMMARY: OPERATIONS

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

OPERATIONS

955.9

OPERATIONS SUPPORT

LAUNCH SUPPORT

908.3

47.6

	PROGRAM SUPPORT	REUS HARD & SPARES	EXPNDABLE HARD PROC	FLIGHT OPS	NETWORK SUPPORT	LAUNCH OPS	PROPELLANT OPS
ORBITER	-	908.3	-	-	-	-	47.6
INTEGRATED SYSTEM	-	762.1	-	-	-	-	-
STRUCTURE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PROPULSION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
POWER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AVIONICS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ECLSS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ENGINES	-	146.3	-	-	-	-	-
ASE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GSE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PROPELLANT	-	-	-	-	-	-	47.6

HARDWARE ELEMENT SUMMARY: OPERATIONS

DATE : MON, APR 22 1983
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

OPERATIONS

1,660.3

OPERATIONS SUPPORT

1,582.7

LAUNCH SUPPORT

77.6

E T	PROGRAM SUPPORT	REUS HARD & SPARES	EXPENDABLE HARD PROC	FLIGHT OPS	NETWORK SUPPORT	LAUNCH OPS	PROPELLANT OPS
INTEGRATED SYSTEM	174.1	-	1,408.6	-	-	-	77.6
STRUCTURES	174.1	-	269.1	-	-	-	-
PROPULSION	-	-	918.0	-	-	-	-
POWER	-	-	189.9	-	-	-	-
AVIONICS	-	-	31.7	-	-	-	-
ENGINES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GSE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PROPELLANT	-	-	-	-	-	-	77.6

HARDWARE ELEMENT SUMMARY: OPERATIONS

DATE : MON, APR 22 1983
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

OPERATIONS

1,788.1

OPERATIONS SUPPORT

1,519.9

LAUNCH
SUPPORT

268.2

	PROGRAM SUPPORT	REUS HARD & SPARES	EXPENDABLE HARD PROC	FLIGHT OPS	NETWORK SUPPORT	LAUNCH OPS	PROPELLANT OPS
S R B	-	983.5	536.4	-	-	-	268.2
INTEGRATED SYSTEM	-	983.5	536.4	-	-	-	-
STRUCTURES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PROPULSION	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
POWER	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AVIONICS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ENGINES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CSE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PROPELLANT	-	-	-	-	-	-	268.2

HARDWARE ELEMENT SUMMARY: OPERATIONS

DATE: MON, APR 22 1983
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

OPERATIONS

386.4

OPERATIONS SUPPORT

386.4

LAUNCH SUPPORT

0.0

	PROGRAM SUPPORT	REUS HARD & SPARES	EXPENDABLE HARD PROC	FLIGHT OPS	NETWORK SUPPORT	LAUNCH OPS	PROPELLANT OPS
A C C	86.6	-	299.8	-	-	-	-
INTEGRATED SYSTEM	86.6	-	52.2	-	-	-	-
SHROUD STRUCTURES	-	-	31.6	-	-	-	-
SHROUD TPS	-	-	16.1	-	-	-	-
SHROUD AC. BARR.	-	-	2.3	-	-	-	-
SKIRT STRUCTURES	-	-	47.7	-	-	-	-
SKIRT TPS	-	-	7.1	-	-	-	-
SKIRT AC. BARR.	-	-	3.7	-	-	-	-
PROPULSION	-	-	77.8	-	-	-	-
POWER	-	-	13.9	-	-	-	-
AVIONICS	-	-	47.4	-	-	-	-
GSE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF 1984 DOLLARS

COST SPREAD IN 1984 DOLLARS

YEAR	S T S				A C C			OPER. #	TOTAL	STB/ACC TOTAL
	PROD.	OPER. ●	TOTAL	R&T	DDT&E	PROD.				
1981	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1982	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1983	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1984	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1985	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.3	12.3
1986	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	32.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	32.4	32.4
1987	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	49.2	2.0	0.0	0.0	51.1	51.1
1988	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	55.5	2.0	0.0	0.0	57.5	57.5
1989	0.0	803.7	803.7	0.0	30.8	0.0	344.2	375.0	1178.8	1178.8
1990	0.0	1073.7	1073.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	459.9	459.9	1533.6	1533.6
1991	0.0	1334.1	1334.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	571.4	571.4	1905.6	1905.6
1992	0.0	1565.6	1565.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	670.6	670.6	2236.2	2236.2
1993	0.0	1758.5	1758.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	753.2	753.2	2511.7	2511.7
1994	0.0	1912.8	1912.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	819.3	819.3	2732.1	2732.1
1995	0.0	1993.2	1993.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	853.7	853.7	2846.9	2846.9
1996	0.0	1935.3	1935.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	828.9	828.9	2764.2	2764.2
1997	0.0	1819.6	1819.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	779.3	779.3	2598.9	2598.9
1998	0.0	1652.4	1652.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	707.7	707.7	2360.2	2360.2
1999	0.0	1446.7	1446.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	619.6	619.6	2066.3	2066.3
2000	0.0	-537.0	-537.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-537.0	-537.0
2001	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2002	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2003	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2004	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2005	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2006	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2007	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2008	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTALS	0.0	18751.9	18751.9	0.0	180.2	3.9	8261.6	8445.7	27197.6	27197.6

* SALVAGE VALUE IS INCLUDED IN THE FINAL YEAR OF OPERATIONS

DATE : MON, APR 22 1985
MILLIONS OF DISCOUNTED 1984 DOLLARS

DISCOUNTED COST PHASE SPREAD

YEAR	B T B				A C C				STB/ACC	
	PROD.	OPER. *	TOTAL	R&T	DDT&E	PROD.	OPER. *	TOTAL	TOTAL	
1981	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1982	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1983	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1984	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1985	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1986	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.1	0.0	0.0	11.1	11.1	11.1
1987	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	26.8	0.0	0.0	26.8	26.8	26.8
1988	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	37.0	1.3	0.0	38.4	38.4	38.4
1989	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	37.9	1.3	0.0	39.2	39.2	39.2
1990	0.0	499.0	499.0	0.0	19.1	0.0	213.7	232.9	731.9	731.9
1991	0.0	606.1	606.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	239.6	259.6	865.7	865.7
1992	0.0	684.6	684.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	293.2	293.2	977.9	977.9
1993	0.0	730.4	730.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	312.8	312.8	1043.2	1043.2
1994	0.0	743.8	743.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	319.4	319.4	1065.2	1065.2
1995	0.0	737.5	737.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	315.9	315.9	1053.3	1053.3
1996	0.0	698.6	698.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	299.2	299.2	997.8	997.8
1997	0.0	635.1	635.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	272.0	272.0	907.1	907.1
1998	0.0	560.6	560.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	240.1	240.1	800.7	800.7
1999	0.0	479.2	479.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	205.2	205.2	684.4	684.4
2000	0.0	395.6	395.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	169.4	169.4	565.0	565.0
2001	0.0	314.8	314.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	134.8	134.8	449.7	449.7
2002	0.0	-106.2	-106.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-106.2	-106.2
2003	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2004	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2005	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2006	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2007	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2008	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2009	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2010	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
TOTALS	0.0	6981.0	6981.0	0.0	131.9	2.8	3035.9	3170.3	10151.3	10151.3

* SALVAGE VALUE IS INCLUDED IN THE FINAL YEAR OF OPERATIONS